

# The Cromwell Argus

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

No. 291, Vol. VI.]

CROMWELL, OTAGO, N.Z.: WEDNESDAY, JUNE 9, 1875.

[Price 6d.

Cromwell Advertisements

**DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.,**

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

FAMILY GROCERS,

WINE, SPIRIT, AND GENERAL MERCHANTS.

We desire to intimate that in order to meet the growing exigencies of our business, we have lately built substantial stone additions to our former premises. At the urgent request of our numerous customers, we have added to our other branches of business, that of

**DRAPERY, CROCKERY, & IRONMONGERY.**

We would further notify that, having engaged a Buyer in connection with our business to select special lines consigned from the Home and Melbourne markets, we will in future be in a position to offer such superior advantages to our customers as will not fail to ensure a continuance of their liberal patronage, and, more especially, will command the attention and confidence of the Trade, Runholders, and Large Buyers.

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.

Our GROCERY STOCK comprises:

Teas, of excellent flavour, in chests, half-chests, and boxes  
Coffee, from the pure bean, ground on the premises  
Cocoa, Chocolate, of the best brands  
Sugars: crystals of every shade, and crushed loaf  
Bacon, Cheese, Butter: weekly supplies from the best dairies  
Jams, Jellies, and Pickles

Candles: best brands  
Soap: treble crown, blue mottled, household—scented in bars, cakes, and boxes  
Vestas, by approved makers  
Salt: table, fine, and coarse  
Raisins: Muscatels, Sultanas, and Elemes  
Oils: salad, castor, and kerosene  
Sauces: Lea and Perrins, Mushroom, Nabob, and assorted

TOBACCOES.

Imperial, Aromatic, cable-twist—superior  
Cameron's celebrated brands—Havelock, Golden Bar, Venus tens  
Barrett's Twist, in quarter-tierces and boxes.

Water Lily, Over the Water, navy sizes  
Cut Tobaccos, in pound, half-pound, and quarter-pound tins, and in bulk.

WINES AND SPIRITS.

Brandies: Hennessy's, Associated Vineyard, Martell's, in bulk and case  
Whiskies: Old Glenury, Islay, Longjohn's, in bulk and case  
Rum: Lemon Hart's  
Port: Fine old Offley's, six grapes  
Sherry: Gonzalez, six diamond  
Gin: J. K. Z. Geneva, Nectar, and Kummell  
Old Tom: Burnett's, Bernard's  
Claret: St. Julien's

Moselle: No. 2  
Hock: Gold Leaf  
Ginger Wine, in bulk and case  
Ales: Tennent's, Younger's, and Colonial.  
Porter: Blood's, Byass's, Guinness's, and Colonial  
Cordials: assorted  
Sarsaparilla: Singleton's, Townsend's  
Bitters: Selner's, Stoughton's

IRONMONGERY STOCK consists of

Blasting powder and fuses  
Gunpowder, caps, and shot  
Long and short handled shovels  
Spades, sluice forks  
Picks and pickhandles  
Gold dishes, hose-pipes  
Drills and drilling hammers  
Manilla and flax ropes  
White lead, castor, boiled, and colza oils  
Galvanised and corrugated iron  
Stoves and piping

Billies and pannikins  
Tea-kettles, iron and tin  
Galvanised iron buckets and tubs  
Iron boilers  
Enamelled and tinned stew and saucepans  
Axes and axe-handles  
Nails, cut and wrought  
Tacks, clout and American cut  
Garden rakes, hoes, and spades  
Cutlery, a large assortment  
Carpenters' tools of every description.

CANVAS, SADDLERY, AND BRUSHWARE.

HOLT'S SEWING MACHINES: CABINET AND HAND.

DRAPERY & CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Suits: silk-mixture, Galatea, Paget, sac  
Boys' do.  
Trousers and Vests: Mosgiel, silk-mixed, tweed, doeskin  
Shirts: white dress, crimeans, scotch twill, tweed  
Pants and undershirts, in flannel, lamb's-wool, merino, and cotton  
Hosiery and hats

Dress materials: wineceys, French merinos, all-wool plaids, prints  
Flannels; Calicoes, bleached and unbleached  
Blankets, rugs, quilts  
Table-covers, bed and toilet-covers.  
Cocoa and felt matting  
Hessian, bed-ticking, carpets  
Top, waterproof, and tweed coats; etc., etc.

BOOTS & SHOES.

Boots: men's elastic-sided, watertights, half-Wellingtons; Hayward and North British Gum Boots  
Women's and children's Boots, Shoes, and Slippers, in calf, kid, and cashmere.  
N.B.—All goods in this department are marked at low prices.

CROCKERYWARE.

Breakfast, dinner, and bedroom sets complete  
Lamps: parlour, hanging, bracket

China, glass, and earthenware goods of every description

FILTERS, VASES, AND LUSTRES.

FANCY GOODS.

Electro-plated Britannia-metal tea and coffee pots; meerschaum and briar pipes—a choice selection; patent medicines; stationery; perfumery.

COLONIAL PRODUCE: Wheat, Oats, Chaff, Pollard, and Potatoes.

D. A. J. & Co. have been appointed sole agents for the sale of Butel Bros.' superior silk-dressed flour, bran, and pollard; and are prepared to promptly execute all orders within a radius of sixty miles.—FLOUR GUARANTEED. TERMS LIBERAL.

**SWAN BREWERY,**  
CROMWELL.

G. W. GODGER - Proprietor.

The Proprietor is now prepared to supply his unrivalled XXXX ALES in any quantity, delivered throughout the District.

Orders left at the Commercial Hotel, Cromwell, or at the Brewery, will be promptly attended to.

G. W. GODGER.

**VICTORIA HOTEL,**  
CROMWELL.

JAMES STUART,

(Late of the Ferry Hotel, Bannockburn.)

Begs to intimate to his friends and the public that he has purchased the above Hotel, where he hopes, by strict attention to business, and by keeping the best Wines and Spirits, to merit a share of public patronage.

A first-class table kept, and superior stone stabling in course of erection.

N.B.—The nearest Hotel to the Courthouse

Cromwell Advertisements

IMPORTANT NOTICE

**I. HALLENSTEIN and Co.,**

CROMWELL, QUEENSTOWN, LAWRENCE, DUNEDIN, & MELBOURNE,

DIRECT IMPORTERS.

Having just removed into our NEW PREMISES, in respectfully thanking the Public for their past support, and soliciting a continuance of their patronage, we beg to assure them that our object in future will be, in order to meet the increasing demand, to keep much larger and better-assorted stock of

DRAPERY, CLOTHING, BOOTS, & GENERAL GOODS

hitherto,—the best, in fact, ever seen out of Dunedin,—which we will sell at prices that will defy competition. Our motto will strictly be

"SMALL PROFITS AND QUICK RETURNS."

We beg specially to draw attention to our splendid stock of

DRESS GOODS,

Comprising Silks, Poplins, Repp, Twills, Mohair, Merinos, Llamas, Batistes, Prints, Wineceys, Gingham, Alpaca, Lustres, &c. (We can offer some really good Bargains in the above line.)

Also, Ladies' Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, latest style, just received from Melbourne.

Our Stock of

UNDERLINEN, CALICOES, BLANKETS, &c. &c.,

Will be found to comprise every quality, and are on sale at extremely low figures.

OUR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is stocked entirely from our DUNEDIN CLOTHING FACTORY.

THE BOOT & SHOE DEPARTMENT

Includes every description of Men's, Women's, and Children's Boots, of all qualities and prices.

A large supply of WHEAT, OATS, BRAN, & POLLARD always on hand.

Being the only authorized agents for

**ROBERTSON & HALLENSTEIN'S BRUNSWICK FLOUR MILLS,**  
LAKE WAKATIPU,

We are prepared to supply their best Silk-dressed Flour, guaranteed equal to Adelaide.

GROCERIES, WINES, SPIRITS, & PROVISIONS.

IRONMONGERY & CROCKERY.

TIMBER AND BUILDING MATERIALS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

PAPERHANGINGS, OILS, & PAINTS.

GRINDERY AND SADDLERY.

PATENT MEDICINES OF ALL KINDS.

FURNITURE AND BEDDING.

We beg to invite the Public to come and inspect the premises and Stock, and judge for themselves.

**I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.**

WHOLESALE, RETAIL, AND GENERAL MERCHANTS,

MELMORE TERRACE. CROMWELL

Cromwell

**BELFAST STORE,**  
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.WINES, SPIRITS, GROCERIES, HARD-  
WARE, COLONIAL PRODUCE,  
&c. &c. &c.**JAMES HAZLETT.**

Begs to inform the Public of the Dunstan District that, in connection with his established business of ten years at Clyde, he has opened **EXTENSIVE PREMISES AT CROMWELL**, where he will be able to supply the Trade, Run-holders, Farmers, and Private Families, with **EVERY CLASS OF GOODS**, of the very best description, at the lowest current rates.

**JAMES HAZLETT** would particularly mention that in the **FLOUR & COLONIAL PRODUCE BUSINESS** he can defy competition, as in that line he is in connection with Messrs **WHITTINGHAM BROTHERS**, of Queenstown, who are the largest buyers in the Lake District.

**J. HAZLETT**, being a **CASH BUYER** in the Dunedin and Melbourne Markets, feels confident he can sell the cheapest and best article in the District, and invites a visit from Purchasers.

Note the address:

**JAMES HAZLETT,**  
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.**WILLIAM TAYLOR,**  
BOOTMAKER,

MELMORE STREET ... CROMWELL

Has a large and varied stock of Boots and Shoes on hand, of the best quality.

An inspection of the stock is invited.

Boots and Shoes made to order in the latest and most approved fashion.

**ALL WORK GUARANTEED.**

PRICES MODERATE.

**FREE TRADE BUTCHERY,**  
(Wholesale and Retail).**JAMES DAWKINS - PROPRIETOR.**

A supply of Beef, Mutton, Veal, Pork, Hams, Bacon, &c., always on hand.

\* Meat delivered at Town Prices throughout the district.

**CROMWELL BUTCHERY**  
(WHOLESALE AND RETAIL),**OWEN PIERCE - PROPRIETOR.**

A supply of Meat of all descriptions always on hand, and sold at the Lowest Prices.

**GREAT BARGAINS**  
GREAT BARGAINS!

Just Received,

An assortment of first-class Silver Hunting  
**LEVER WATCHES,**  
By the best London makers—all warranted.

ALSO,

Fine Lot of **JEWELLERY and CLOCKS.**  
Inspection invited.

**E. MURRELL,**  
Watchmaker, Cromwell.

NOTICE.

**COALS! COALS!! COALS!!!**

The Cromwell Coal-Works will in future be carried on by **WILLIAMS & HAYES**, who have much pleasure in calling the attention of the inhabitants of the Cromwell District to their New Seam of Coal, which is far superior to any hitherto obtained in the same works, or in any other portion of the District. They therefore respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage heretofore bestowed, with the conviction that that patronage will be deserved.

All orders entrusted to us will be attended to at once, and on the shortest notice, as we intend to keep a good supply of coals at the pit-month. Coals delivered anywhere, either in or out of the district; and lowest cartage prices charged.

20s. per ton at the Works.

32s. „ delivered.

16 bags to the ton.

**WILLIAMS & HAYES,**  
Coal Works, Cromwell.

Cromwell

**CHEAP HOUSE, CROMWELL,**

(OPPOSITE COUNCIL CHAMBERS).

**J. SOLOMON,**

THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE

**CHEAP DRAPER AND CLOTHIER.**

J. S., in thanking the residents of Cromwell and surrounding districts for their valuable support since he established in the district, begs to assure all that he intends keeping up the name he has made, of being

**THE CHEAPEST DRAPER AND CLOTHIER IN CROMWELL!**

Don't forget J. S. was the first to bring down the prices of Drapery, Clothing, Boots, &c., and, with a fair share of support, he is determined to keep them down, and Sell Cheaper than any other house in Cromwell.

Come Early, and See the Largest, Best Assorted, and Cheapest Stock in Cromwell, now being displayed at **J. SOLOMON'S NEW PREMISES.**

**DRAPERY, MILLINERY, &c.**

Ladies', Maids', and Children's Drapery and Clothing of every description.

Splendid Assortment of Ladies' Polonaises, Dresses, made up and in the piece, in every variety of shade and texture.

New Stock of Silk Dresses, Silk and Velvet Jackets; large Stock of Hats, trimmed and untrimmed.

Calicoes, Winceys, Flannels, Hollands, Linens, Blankets, Tweeds, Lustres, Persian and Russell Corde, Handkerchiefs, Merinos, Stays, Underclothing, Waterproofs, Cotton and Woollen Hose.

Handsome Stock of Carpets.

Beautiful goods in Ruffles, Laces, Collars and Cuffs, Silk Scarfs, and Silk Bows.

Allos and Fingering Yarns.

**THE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT**

Comprises Men's, Youth's, and Boys' Clothing of every variety in color and quality.

Crimean Shirts, Flannel Undershirts, Boys' and Youths' Shirts.

Mens', Youths', and Boys' Hats and Caps.

Mens', Youths', and Boys' Half-hose, in Merino, Cotton, and Wool. Lamb's wool Ribbed Pants, Plaiding Pants, Waterproof Coats.

**BOOTS AND SHOES.**

Ladies' and Children's, Men's, Youths' and Boys—the Best Stock in Cromwell.

Fancy Goods and Patent Medicines.

Jewelry, Saddlery, Crockery and Glassware.

J. S.'s motto has been, from the first day he opened, to

**SELL CHEAPER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE IN CROMWELL,**

and he intends sticking to the original motto, and

**NO HUMBUG!****J. SOLOMON,****CHEAP HOUSE, MELMORE TERRACE.**

Bannockburn

**CARRICK RANGE HOTEL,**  
QUARTZVILLE.**CHARLES PEAKE,**  
Proprietor.

The Proprietor, having recently purchased the above well-known and centrally-situated Hotel, is now in a position to offer first-class accommodation to all who may favour him with their patronage.

The Premises are fitted up and furnished on the most complete scale, and the arrangements for the comfort of visitors and travellers are second to none in the district.

COMMODOUS BILLIARD ROOM,  
fitted with one of Julius Paser's full-sized tables

AN EXCELLENT SIX-STALLED STABLE,  
with careful groom always in attendance.

183 **CHARLES PEAKE.****BANNOCKBURN TIMBER YARD**  
AND CARPENTER'S SHOP.**JAMES TAYLOR,**

CROMWELL TIMBER AND IRON YARD,  
Begs to inform the Residents of BANNOCKBURN, NEVIS, POTTERS, &c., that in order to meet the increasing requirements of those districts, he has opened a Branch Establishment at Doctor's Flat, opposite Mr Richards' Store.

A good supply of **TIMBER and IRON** for Building and Mining purposes always on hand.

Best Material and Workmanship Cheap for Cash

**BANNOCKBURN HOTEL & STORE,**  
DOCTOR'S FLAT, BANNOCKBURN,

(On the Main Road to the Nevis).

GROCERIES, CLOTHING, BOOTS, and HOUSE-  
HOLD REQUISITES of all descriptions  
kept in Stock.

The Goods, being obtained **DIRECT** from Dunedin, are retailed at the **LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.**

N.P.—Good Stabling, Horse Feed, &amp;c.

**JOHN RICHARDS, PROPRIETOR.**

Bannockburn.

**ADAMS'S GULLY COAL-PIT,**  
BANNOCKBURN.**GEORGE COCKBURN**

Begs to inform the Inhabitants of the Cromwell and Bannockburn Districts that he has opened a Coal-Pit as above, and is prepared to supply Coal of first-class quality and in any quantity at lowest current rates.

Large consumers contracted with on reasonable terms.

**WILLIAM SUTHERLAND,**  
General**BLACKSMITH & FARRIER,**

Begs to intimate to Mining Companies and the public generally that he has removed to

**QUARTZVILLE,**

where he hopes, by strict attention to business and reasonable charges, to merit a share of the public patronage.

Cromwell.

**FRANCIS SANSON,****SADDLER & HARNESS-MAKER,**

Melmore Street, Cromwell,

(Next door to Marsh's Bridge Hotel.)

Every description of work carefully and expeditiously executed.

**GOLDEN AGE**  
LIVERY & BAIT**STABLES.****THOMAS GILMOUR,**

Having leased the Stabling in connection with the Golden Age Hotel, Cromwell, begs to assure travellers and others that every attention and care will be paid to horses entrusted to him.

Saddle Horses always on Hire.

Horses well and carefully Broken to Saddle and Harness.

**GOLDEN AGE STABLES,**  
Melmore Terrace, Cromwell.

Cromwell

**CROMWELL TIMBER & IRON YARD**  
LATE MR GRANT'S  
NEW ZEALAND & AMERICAN TIMBER YARD.**JAMES TAYLOR,**  
Carpenter and Builder, Ironmonger,

Has FOR SALE all kinds of Building Materials suitable for the district.

Estimates given for Buildings at the Lowest PRICES compatible with Good Material and Workmanship.

Punctuality and attention to all orders may be relied on.

A Large Assortment of Paperhangings, Paints, Glass, FURNITURE—comprising Chairs, Tables, Washstands, Iron Bedsteads, &c.

Building Ironmongery, Carpenters' and Miners' Tools, Hemp, Wire, and Manilla Rope,

**SADDLERY, &c., cheap.**

**THE CROMWELL BAKERY****J. SCOTT,****BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER,**

Melmore-street, Cromwell.

Families waited on for orders, and Bread regularly delivered in all parts of the district.

**K. PRETSCHE,**  
CROMWELL,

COACH AND GENERAL PAINTER,  
PAPERHANGER, &c.

Has always on hand a fine selection of Paperhangings, Paints, Glass, and Mouldings of every description, at low prices.

Contracts undertaken for General Painting, Paperhanging, Decoration, and Sign Writing.

NOTICE.

**BOOT AND SHOE MAKING.****WILLIAM HOWE,**

Begs to intimate to the public of Cromwell and surrounding Districts that he has begun business as Boot and Shoe Maker in the premises lately erected by him two doors above Mr Baird's residence, Upper Melmore Street, Cromwell.

Having had a long experience in the trade, W. H. is confident that he will give every satisfaction to those who may entrust him with their orders.

Good stock of Boots and Shoes always on hand at reasonable prices.

Repairs neatly and cheaply executed.

Note the address:—Upper Melmore Street.

**THOMAS FOOTE,**  
TAILOR AND CLOTHIER,

MELMORE TERRACE,  
CROMWELL

Choice Selection of Tweeds on hand.

**HENRICH BEHRENS,**

having purchased from Mr La Fontaine the business lately carried on by him in Cromwell as

**WHEELWRIGHT AND COACH-BUILDER,**

Begs to announce that he will carry on the same as before, in the premises opposite the Bank of New South Wales.

Good work guaranteed; and prices moderate.

Repairs promptly executed.

REMOVAL.

**CROMWELL APOTHECARIES'**  
HALL removed to

Mr J. SOLOMON'S former Premises,  
Next the Golden Age Hotel.

**MAX GALL,**

PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.  
Prescriptions accurately prepared.

Dealer in Fancy Goods, Perfumery, Stationery Tobacco and Cigars.

**NEWS AGENT & BOOKSELLER.**

M. G. is happy to be able to state that, business having greatly increased, prices for medicines will in future be considerably reduced from former rates.

## Cromwell

NEW  
WINTER DRAPERY!W. TALBOYS,  
LONDON HOUSE, CROMWELL.60 CASES CONTAINING 60 CASES  
THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHION-  
ABLE GOODSTo be obtained in Dunedin, and personally  
selected with great care for this market.ALL NEW GOODS.  
Fancy Dresses—Silk Repps,  
Poplins, Merinos, Plaids,  
Aberdeen Winceys, Silk  
Winceys,  
Coloured and Black Silks.Double-breasted Elegantly trimmed Jackets.—in velvet, beaver, cloth and sealskin  
Plain and Reversible Shawls.LATEST FASHIONS  
Costumes—in homespun, black repp, French cloth, Melton, and wincey.CHOICE AND NEW.  
Trimmed Hats, Feathers, Flowers, Ribbons, and Ornaments  
Satin Hoods and Hats  
Woolen and Lace Goods—splendid assortment.TWO BALES: 100 Pairs.  
Blankets in all sizes—white, scarlet, blue, grey, and Mosgiel  
Rugs of all descriptions.VERY CHEAP.  
White Flannel—30 pieces  
Twilled Flannel—all colours.MADE TO ORDER.  
Men's, Youths', and Boys' double and single-breasted Suits—in Nelson, Geelong, Colonial, & Mosgiel tweeds  
Trousers, Trousers and Vests  
White and colored Moles.Large Sizes.  
Shirts—Crimean, tweed, and plaid  
Flannel Shirts.Extra Heavy.  
Knitted Pants, Mosgiel Pants, Flannel Pants—24 doz.  
Aberdeen Socks—100 doz.NEWEST STYLES.  
Hats in all shapes—black and colored felts  
Dress Shirts, Ties, Scarfs, and Collars  
Men's Hosiery—a large stock.MADE TO ORDER.  
Ladies' and Children's kid and leather Boots  
Boys' and Youths' E.S. and nailed Boots  
Men's E.S., water-tight, and shooting Boots—best Colonial make.

## SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS

WILL BE OFFERED

FOR SIX WEEKS,

As £1000 must be realised in that time.

W. TALBOYS,  
LONDON HOUSE,  
MELMORE-ST., CROMWELL.

## Cromwell

## CROMWELL

## VETERINARY SHOEING FORGE,

Next door to

KIDD'S CROMWELL HOTEL.

## ROBERT WISHART,

General Blacksmith, Farrier, Machinist, &amp;c.,

Begg to intimate to the public that he has purchased the business from Mr EDWARD LINDSAY, as Farrier and Blacksmith, and hopes by paying strict attention to business, and turning out good substantial work of all kinds, guaranteed, to merit a continuance of public support.

R. W. begs to intimate to the public generally that he has purchased the CAST-IRON BED for TIRING WHEELS from Mr LINDSAY, being the first introduced up-country; and in this branch he will guarantee to give every satisfaction.

Horses shod on the latest and most approved principle.

Light Shoes . . . . 12s.  
Draught do. . . . 17s.R. WISHART,  
Veterinary Shoeing Forge.

## EDWARD ALDRIDGE,

FARRIER,

BLACKSMITH, and MACHINIST,  
(late of Clyde.)

Has started business in the above line in the premises lately occupied by J. W. THOMSON, in Melmore Terrace, Cromwell. From his long experience in the District, and his well-known habit of promptly executing all orders entrusted to him, he confidently hopes to receive a share of public patronage.

N.B.—A large stock of Horse and Cattle Medicines and Drugs on hand.

Ornamental Gates and Palisading, suitable for Cemeteries, public or private fences, made to any pattern.

Horses shod on the Goodenough or Charlier principle.

EDWARD ALDRIDGE,  
Melmore Terrace, Cromwell.

## PROSPECTUS

OF THE

CROWN AND CROSS QUARTZ MIN-  
ING COMPANY,  
CARRICK RANGE.

The proprietors of the above Company, being anxious to erect a crushing-mill on or adjacent to their valuable quartz claim, known as the Crown and Cross, beg to lay the following facts before the investing public, with the hope that the object as stated may be carried out.

The ground now held by the proprietors is an ordinary six men's claim,—600 feet along the line of reef by 300 feet wide,—and within these boundaries are two if not more lines of reef, both of which have been proved to contain gold. From the first a yield was obtained of some 300 ozs. of gold, but owing to the charges for carting and crushing did not prove payable. The other reef, however, yielded the handsome return of 212 ozs. retorted gold from 180 tons of quartz. This crushing paid a good dividend. But if the battery had been on the ground, the results would have proved even more encouraging. The proprietors have now 120 tons of quartz from this latter reef on its way to the mill.

The proprietors have traced this reef 300 feet along the surface, finding it to carry payable gold throughout; and have sunk two shafts, one 30 and the other 40 feet, from which the above quartz was obtained. They have also driven a tunnel in 80 feet, which has cut the reef two feet thick at a depth of 75 feet from the surface. In the reef at this depth gold is plainly visible. By continuing this tunnel, the other reef would be cut at a depth of 130 feet.

Professor Ulrich, when inspecting this mine, gave it as his opinion that the proprietors would cut yet another reef, known as the Try Again, which would considerably enhance the value of the property now offered.

The proprietors purpose floating the company as follows:—The capital will be £6000, in 3000 shares of £2 each, of which 30s. will be paid up, leaving 10s. on call. The present proprietors will retain two-thirds of these, and now offer the balance to the public. As soon as 1000 shares are applied for, they bind themselves to devote £750 of the proceeds to erect the crushing-mill on the claim,—the said mill being in the first place to crush the company's stone, and, when disengaged, to crush for the public at a remunerative rate. The proprietors have secured an excellent mill-site at the junction of the two branches of Smith's gully, from which they can obtain a plentiful supply of water for crushing purposes. It is the intention to drive the mill by steam power at the beginning, and until more water shall be available for the motive power.

For any further particulars respecting the above property, apply to

HERBERT, WATSON, &amp; COTTON,

On the ground; or

JAMES MARSHALL,

Cromwell.

## Miscellaneous

## WANTED

Some good UNDERGROUND MEN, at the Star of the East claim, Carrick Range.—Apply to the Manager, at the mine.

## NOTICE

Having determined to Dispose of my Business at Nevis, I have to request that all Debts due by me be presented for payment on or before 1st June; and all accounts owing to me must be paid on or before that date, otherwise they will be handed over to my solicitor for collection without further notice.

DANIEL SCALLY,  
Shamrock Store, Nevis.

## CROMWELL DISTRICT HOSPITAL

SUBSCRIBERS are respectfully reminded that the FINANCIAL YEAR commenced on 1st May. Forms of recommendation for admission to the Institution are obtainable by subscribers on application to the Collector.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,  
Secretary.

## AUCTIONEER

CHARLES COLCLOUGH,

Having commenced business as Auctioneer, now prepared to

UNDERTAKE ANY SALES  
with which he may be favored.General Mining and Commission Agency Office,  
Melmore Terrace, Cromwell.

A. MURPHY'S

COMMERCIAL HOTEL  
ARROWTOWN.

The best accommodation in Town.

First-class Sample Rooms.

EXCELLENT STABLING AND GROOMAGE.

An unsurpassed assortment of choice WINES, SPIRITS, and BEERS.

Horses and Buggies for Hire.

MANUHERIKIA BREWERY,  
ALEXANDRA.

## THEYERS &amp; BECK beg to announce

that they are prepared to supply their SPARKLING XXXX ALES in any quantity.

Delivered free of cartage within twenty miles.

Orders left with

Mr THEYERS, Alexandra;

Mr C. P. BECK, Clyde;

or at the Brewery, will be promptly attended to

THEYERS AND BECK,

BREWERS,

ALEXANDRA.

## ALBION HOTEL AND STORE

LUGGATE,

23 miles from Cromwell, on the main road to Lake Wanaka).

H. MAIDMAN ..... Proprietor.

This well-known Hotel possesses every accommodation for the comfort and convenience of travellers.

Groceries, Clothing, Drapery, Ironmongery, Mining Tools, &amp;c., &amp;c., constantly on hand, at Cromwell prices.

GOOD STABLING.

N.R.—District Post Office.

ALBERT HOTEL,  
STORE, & POST-OFFICE,  
ALBERT TOWN.

H. NORMAN

Begg to intimate that he has made very extensive improvements in the above old establishment, and can now offer unrivalled accommodation, both for man and horse.

A large stock of GENERAL STORES &amp; DRAPERY always on hand.

Old acquaintances will please remember that they can still make themselves perfectly at home at

H. NORMAN'S,  
ALBERT TOWN.

NOTICE.

POISON for DOGS will be laid on MOUNT PISA STATION on and after this date.

I. LOUGHNAN.

Mount Pisa, 12th May, 1870.

## He Was not Drunk.

Lately a man dressed in good clothes, an eye-glass, and a gold-mounted cane, and possessing altogether a rather clerical appearance, hailed a passing street car. There was nothing unusual or particularly noticeable in this except the air of lofty dignity with which he commanded a halt, and the desperate effort which he had made to maintain his centre of gravity as he passed to the car, and to conceal the fact that he was slightly inebriated. Arriving at the door he solemnly raised his right foot to enter; but not raising it quite high enough he fell headlong on the floor of the car. Raising himself up with some difficulty, he cast a severely reproving look at the old gentleman sitting near the door, and said: "Sir, what d'you lift up this car for just as I was going to get in?" "My dear sir, I didn't lift the car," replied the old gentleman, meekly, "casting as steady a gaze on the old gentleman as he could under the circumstance, he replied: 'Well, perhaps you didn't. I won't tempt to argue with a man in your condition. My amiable friend, it's my calm and deliberate opinion that you've been looking upon the wine when it is red. Very sorry to see it in a man of your age. What d'you s'pose your mother would say if she should see you intoxicated? My friend, I've wept many tears over such cases as yours. 'Yes,' continued he, in a faltering voice, and pulling out his handkerchief, 'and I'm—if I ain't weeping now, as you readily observe.' Whereupon he wiped his eyes with a grand flourish, blew his nose, and navigated to the other end of the car. When he reached his destination he pulled the bell-strap and started for the door. When he got about halfway, and just in front of a lady, he tripped and fell full length on the floor. Raising himself to a perpendicular, he turned to the lady, and, in a tone of mingled severity and whisky, said: "Madame, you've certainly got the biggest feet I ever saw m'life." "Sir," said the lady, indignantly. "Oh, don't pologise, madame. I beg you not to pologise. You're not to blame for it. You can't help it. But if you could just paré 'em down a little 'twould be a great accommodation to the travelling public." The lady was speechless with indignation, the passengers were convulsed, and the gentleman stalked majestically to the door, stepped to the ground, and immediately sat down. As the car moved away he rose, examined his clothes, looked up and down the street waved his hand in an uncertain way, and walked away. —*Detroit News.*

A Widow, being cautioned by her minister about flirting, said that she knew it was wrong for maidens and wives to flirt, but the Bible was her authority. It said, "Widow's mite." She was flirting awfully at the last accounts; her pastor acknowledged that "widow's mite."

A Montana paper thinks there is an awful fuss being made over the Beecher trial. "Why," it says, "right out here is Bill Casey. He went into a family, married one girl, and has run away with another, and yet there is no trial, no statements, no nothing, only just the old man with a rifle, looking after Bill."

The *Timaru Herald* is responsible for the following:—"We have been informed on good authority that, at the execution of Mercer, a disgusting practice, long since put a stop to in all decently conducted gaols, was revived, the rope used for hanging the murderer being cut in pieces by the bystanders, by way of securing a memento of the exciting event, and a member of the detective force setting the example. If this is true, the Minister of Justice ought to inquire closely into all the circumstances, and, if possible, have all the offenders punished. Perhaps the most effectual and the easiest way of doing this would be to obtain from the Sheriff a list of all the persons who were present at the execution, and publish their names in the newspapers, indicating by a black mark those who can be identified as having joined this shameful business. It is bad enough to have persons petting a cut-throat, or reporters furnishing details of his appearance or comportment; but it is going a little too far to have renewed at this stage of civilisation the demoralising usages of the age of Jonathan Wild."

We have seldom to report the arrival of such a large quantity of drapery into this town in one week. W. Talboys, of the London House, has just received his splendid stock of Winter Drapery, Boots, and Clothing, selected by himself with great care, from the largest stocks in Dunedin. In consequence of the arrival of his new stock, amounting to over £1800, he is obliged to extend his premises; and has opened out a show-room for millinery, underclothing, and ladies' boots. It is needless to state that since the arrival, the place has been thronged with customers to purchase the latest novelties; and the public would do well to pay a visit to this establishment, where a first-rate article can be bought at such prices as to defy competition. For particulars, see advertisement.—[ADVT.]

*Holloway's Ointment and Pills.*—Colds, Coughs, Shortness of Breath.—These corrective remedies are infallible for pectoral complaints, which, neglected, often end in asthma, bronchitis, or consumption. The Ointment well rubbed upon the chest and back, penetrating the skin, is carried directly to the lungs, whence it expels all impurities. All the blood in the body constantly passes through the lungs, and there all noxious particles tending to produce disease, can be quickly, thoroughly, and permanently neutralised, rendered harmless, or ejected from the system. Holloway's Ointment and Pills perfectly accomplish this purification; and through the blood, thus cleansed, the influence of these wonderful medicaments reaches the remotest parts of the human body, and thus cures all diseased action, whether internal or external.



# FOR SALE

That splendid Freehold Property known as  
**THE CROMWELL BAKERY,**  
with business attached.  
Apply on the Premises.

## INDEPENDENT ORDER OF GOOD TEMPLARS SUMMONED MEETING.

A Summoned Meeting of the Lodge Cromwell, I.O.G.T., will be held on Monday, 14th instant Business of importance; all members requested to attend.

## EUREKA GOLD MINING COMPANY.

The Fourth Call of One Pound per share is due and payable to me on Wednesday, 10th June.

JOHN MARSH,  
Secretary and Treasurer.

# FOR SALE

The ALL NATIONS HOTEL,  
Half-way house between Quartzville and Carrieton.

Upset price, £60. The highest offerer above that price, for cash, will be treated with,  
JAMES TAYLOR,  
Cromwell.

## WANAKA REGATTA.

THE ANNUAL REGATTA  
ON  
LAKE WANAKA

will take place this year on  
**MONDAY, JULY 5.**

Particulars in future issue.

THEODORE RUSSELL.

## MESSRS W. J. BARRY & CO., AUCTIONEERS, &c.,

QUEENSTOWN,

Have appointed Mr GEORGE JENOUR as their AGENT for Cromwell and surrounding Districts, who will give immediate attention to every instruction for sales with which he may be favored.

Sales conducted with punctuality and at lowest rates of commission.

## ELIGIBLE INVESTMENT.

For Sale by Private Bargain.

In consequence of ill health, Mr H. BEHRENS has determined to dispose of his WHEEL-WRIGHT and TURNERY BUSINESS in Cromwell; together with Tools, Timber, and Stock generally. To a steady workman, this is an opening which seldom occurs.

Also, adjoining above, comfortable COTTAGE, with furniture and everything necessary and convenient in a home.

For particulars, apply to

JAMES MARSHALL,  
Agent, Cromwell.

# NOTICE

Given in conformity with Section 12 of the Goldfields Act, 1866.

To the Warden at Cromwell.

District of Otago Goldfields,  
May 24, 1875.

I hereby give notice that I have this day marked out a Special Grant, under Section 12 of the Goldfields Act, 1866, of Five Acres situated in front of the dam of the Bannockburn Water Race Company, Limited. I require a site to erect a manager's dwelling, stable, and horse-yards, being necessities in managing the race and the works generally; and I respectfully submit that the Company is entitled to consideration on account of the large outlay upon their undertaking, which requires every facility to render it remunerative.

CHARLES COLCLOUGH,  
Manager Bannockburn Water Race Co., Limited.

Any person desiring to object to the granting of the above application must do so in writing, on or before Friday, June 11, 1875, the day fixed for hearing.

(Signed)

W. LAWRENCE SIMPSON,  
Warden.

## COLONIAL BUILDING AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY, (Limited.)

### NOTICE.

Mr DAVID A. JOLLY, of Cromwell, has been appointed, for the District of Cromwell, Agent for the Receiving of Applications for Shares in the above Company, for Issuing Forms of Application, and all information required.

LOUIS BASCH,  
Interim Secretary.

Dunedin, 13th April, 1875.

## BANNOCKBURN COAL-PIT.

### BELL & SMITH.

Having purchased the interest of Mr J. KANE in the above-named Pit, beg to intimate that they will carry on business as Coal Merchants under the above style.

The coal from this Pit is admitted to be the best quality produced in the District, and by selling at the lowest current rates, the proprietors hope to receive a continuance of the support they have hitherto been accorded.

Orders punctually attended to.

## IMPORTANT NOTICE

TO

MINING COMPANIES & OTHERS.

D. A. JOLLY & CO.

Have on hand and for sale a quantity of  
**LITHOFRACTEUR,**  
for blasting purposes.

The merits of this new explosive agent have now been thoroughly tested, and it is acknowledged to have no equal for effectiveness and labor-saving qualities.

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.,  
Cromwell.

## TOWN OF CROMWELL.

THE CITIZENS' ROLL,  
Year 1875-6.

Ratepayers are reminded of the necessity for their making immediate payment of all Town rates for the current year.

Failing payment on or before the 15th June, all Ratepayers then in default will, as by law required, be excluded from the Citizens' Roll.

Persons who may have recently acquired a qualification for admission to the Roll, or whose qualification may have lately been altered owing to change of residence or otherwise, are respectfully requested to intimate the fact at the Town Clerk's Office forthwith.

CHARLES COLCLOUGH,  
June 1, 1875. Town Clerk.

## GRAND BALL

in aid of the

ATHENÆUM BUILDING FUND,

to be held in the Hall on

**WEDNESDAY EVENING,**  
30th June, 1875.

Dancing to commence at 9 o'clock.

Ticket to admit Lady and Gentleman, £1 1s, to be obtained from any of the Stewards.

### STEWARDS:

J. A. Preshaw	John Marsh
B. R. Baird	Chas. Colclough
H. Arndt	E. M. Wakefield
D. A. Jolly	James Marshall
D. MacKellar	Thomas Fergus

James Taylor.

The Cromwell Brass Band have kindly consented to give their services.

### BIRTH.

On June 1, at Bannockburn, Mrs W. GOLD-SMITH, of a son.

## Cromwell Argus, AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

CROMWELL: WEDNESDAY, JUNE 9, 1875.

THE political barometer is once more at "set fair," and there is hope that the Provincial bark has arrived at a haven of safety. A fresh captain and crew have taken possession, and in them the passengers have every confidence. Dropping metaphor, we congratulate the Province, — and more especially the Goldfields, — on the return to power of Mr DONALD REID, and with him an Executive composed of gentlemen in whom the country has full faith. It did not require a large degree of foresight to predict that the reign of Mr BASTINGS would be but brief — elements so incongruous could not be expected to withstand the rude shocks incident to our Provincial Legislature. Indeed, judging by that gentleman's later utterances, we incline to think he himself had no hope of buffeting through the session when he found a coalition with Mr REID impracticable. His followers

were not of that stamp to command for him continued support — the ranks were filled up with men who reckoned either on obtaining place and pay, or an extra slice of the appropriation pudding as a reward for their votes; and when they found these were not forthcoming commensurate with their desires their allegiance ceased. To satisfy their cravings, Mr BASTINGS, himself a Goldfields member, was forced to sacrifice the interests he is supposed to represent by depriving Goldfields roads and bridges of £2000. No man knows better than Mr BASTINGS how ill such reduction could be made, consistent with keeping open up-country traffic. This attempted injustice only serves to show how hardly pushed the late Provincial Secretary was to fill the maw of his hungry retinue. And even then he was ousted on the votes of some of those he was endeavoring to fatten. Truly it was a game of "ins and outs," and the political prestige of Mr BASTINGS has not been improved by his greedy desire for office, and the questionable means adopted by him to attain it. Did Provincialism hold even a higher place in the public mind than it now does, surely the work of the past two or three weeks in Dunedin has done more to bring the system into disrepute than years of platform teaching would do. It is but a poor commentary on the flowery rhetoric of his Honor in his opening address, when speaking against the proposed Constitutional changes. The business of the country has been brought to a standstill, and no inconsiderable amount of money wasted — and for what? Simply that parties might pit their strength against each other, the prize being place, power, and profit. Happily, this state of things is, for the present session at all events, terminated, and the country may look for work now that play is ended. The REID Government as now constituted is a powerful and weighty one, and, speaking for up-country districts, highly popular besides. In securing Mr DAVIE as Provincial Treasurer, Mr REID has gained a colleague who will add stability to the Executive. In politics he is almost unknown, but his reputation as a straightforward, able business man has preceded him. The acceptance by Mr MACKELLAR of the post of Goldfields Secretary is good news for the Goldfields, as it is a guarantee that justice will be meted out irrespective of parties or localities. Mr MACKELLAR is not free from faults — who is? — but we believe no man could have been chosen from the Council at the present time who will give more general satisfaction. A good deal of stigma of an indefinite kind has been thrust upon him by certain hon. members; but their utterances, when taken in conjunction with their eager desire to taste the sweets of office, only reflect discreditably upon themselves. So long as the Goldfields Secretary fulfils the duties of his office as satisfactorily as has been done during the past twelve months, so long will he enjoy the confidence and respect of mining constituencies. Altogether, the personnel of the new Government is such as to warrant us in predicting for it a lengthy and prosperous term of existence.

Three candidates are already in the field for the Mayoralty of Lawrence, viz.: — Messrs Hay, Frazer, and Walker. Cromwell municipal politics have not yet been stirred up.

Some weeks back we intimated that Judge Harvey intended to urge for criminal jurisdiction being extended to the Goldfields District Courts. We understand his efforts have been successful, and the extension will take effect at the next sittings of the Court.

From advertisement it will be seen that parties not paying the municipal rates before the 15th instant will be struck off the roll. All persons entitled to have their names placed thereon must give the necessary particulars to the Town Clerk before that date. We understand that it is the intention of the Council to enforce the Municipal Act in this particular most rigorously.

A Wellington telegram in the *Bruce Herald* says that, "despite contradictions which have appeared, it is still authoritatively said that Mr C. E. Haughton will contest Mr Pyke's seat for Wakatipu, in the approaching election." We are more inclined to believe a correspondent of the *Wanani Herald*, when he says: "Mr Haughton ridicules the idea of re-entering political life. He has obtained the cool shades of respectability, as Mr Olivier, of Canterbury, once said, and has exchanged his carpet-bag for a portfolio."

The following extract from a letter to a gentleman in this town from his brother, who has returned from the Palmer "a sadder and a wiser man," we commend to the attention of any of our readers who may feel inclined to try that delectable spot: — "Melbourne, May 6. — I have been back about fourteen days. I had to come home with my mates. They were bad with the fever; one of them I thought I should never have got home, — he was like a corpse. I had splendid health; I followed your advice, and bathed as often as possible; you could live in the water up there, and not hurt yourself. It is a miserable country for a white man, and the alluvial is worked out. There is nothing fresh opened this year at all. The reefs are pretty good, but narrow, and to take machinery on to the ground, after landing at Cooktown, would cost more money than the machinery itself. The Government will grant no leases, nothing but small block claims, so they are not worth while troubling oneself about. Men are dying like rotten sheep all over the diggings, and the first one comes along digs a hole and puts them in, just as they are; no inquest is held there. There is no alluvial sinking; the hills are scraped clean, and any gold which may be left must be in the creeks and ravines." Of the blacks he says, "You will know what they are when I tell you the grass is from eight to twelve feet high, and the tracks are only bridle-tracks through it, and the country is very mountainous." Intending Palmerians will do well to study the above, the accuracy of which can be well vouched for.

At Adelaide, Lurline, the now famous New Zealand mare, won the Cup and Queen's Hundred easily.

Late telegrams prove beyond a doubt that no New Zealand passengers were on board the ill-fated Schiller.

A return has been furnished showing the amount of land endowment granted to Athenæums throughout the Province, and also the amount of money grants paid to each Athenæum. Cromwell has fared the best of the country institutions, receiving a fair land endowment for site, and £325 cash. Lawrence and Milton come next with £300 apiece, but Milton apparently has no land endowment. Queenstown, Waikouaiti, and Naseby are about on a level, having received no land grant, and about £200 in subsidy.

A special Gazette, published on Thursday, gives the names of the members of the new Executive as follows: — Mr Reid, Provincial Secretary and Secretary for Lands and Railways; Mr Davis, Provincial Treasurer; Mr Green, Secretary for Works; Mr MacKellar, Secretary for the Goldfields; Mr Lumsden represents Southland, and Mr Steward the Northern district. Though Mr Stout is not gazetted as Provincial Solicitor, it is generally understood that when the Executive Ordinance is amended, he will hold that office.

A correspondent writing to our Naseby contemporary, in place of the proposed monument to the late Wilson Gray suggests "that an effort should be made to ascertain if there be in existence any good portrait, or even a reliable photograph of the late Mr Wilson Gray. From either of these it would not be difficult to obtain life-sized paintings, — one of which, I would suggest, should be placed in each of the District Courts over which he so long and so ably presided. By this means his memory would be more surely and agreeably handed down to posterity than it would be by the course proposed to be pursued."

At the Arrow Licensing Court last week, Mr D. Enright obtained a license for a new house at Gibbston, although a petition, signed by more than two-thirds of the inhabitants, was put in against it. We hear from reliable authority that the petition was actually delivered at the Camp ten days before the 1st of June, although not formally handed to the Clerk seven clear days before the sitting of the Court. The *Observer* thinks it is a very unjust act on the part of those who sat on the Bench to grant a license to another man, when the present hotel-keeper proved beyond doubt that he was not able to gain a living.

During last week, a number of experiments were made with the new explosive, litho-fracteur, a quantity of which has been received by Messrs Jolly and Co. The first series of trials were made last Wednesday, on a huge rock a little way down the road towards Clyde, Mr G. B. Douglas conducting the operations. The bore in the rock was only some fourteen inches, into which was put a charge of about three ounces of the explosive. Examination of the rock after firing showed that the mass had been split and shook to an extent quite wonderful, considering the smallness of the charge and shallowness of the drill. A number of gentlemen interested in the experiment expressed themselves highly pleased with the effectiveness of the litho-fracteur, and pronounced it far superior to powder and other known explosive agents, and likely to prove invaluable for mining purposes. It may be mentioned the stone operated upon is one of the hardest nature. Further tests were made next day on an overhanging rock about three miles down the Clyde road, in the presence of the District Engineer and other gentlemen. The surroundings in this instance were not so favorable; but enough was seen to convince those present of the enormous power of the material. No doubt when its value becomes better known, litho-fracteur will supersede blasting powder as an agent in quarrying, tunnelling, and other works where the expeditious removal of stone is desired. Like all new inventions, it will have to fight its way against prejudice, but its success is only a matter of time. One great advantage is that the composition is quite as effective and powerful in its action under water as out of it. Messrs Jolly and Co. are the local agents, and from them full particulars can be obtained as to the mode of operations, etc.

We have received copy of an "extra" issued by the *Dunstan Times* last Friday, containing "explanatory telegrams from Messrs Hazlett and MacKellar, M.P.C.s, respecting the petitions from Clyde and Cromwell re District Court and Gaol." The cause of these "explanatory telegrams" is that Mr Hazlett, the Clyde representative, had the temerity to sign a petition praying that the District Gaol should be established at the most important centre of the Dunstan district, viz. Cromwell, and consequently has brought down upon his devoted head the ire of the Clydians, and will doubtless have to withstand the thunders of the Clyde organ. Terrible punishment for a foolhardy action, and we doubt if the unfortunate M.P.C. survive. Already has all confidence in him been smothered — the Clyde agitator will not trust Mr Hazlett's reply, but appeals to Messrs Manders and MacKellar, and from them learns the fatal truth. "Yes, signed early; must have signed in Cromwell," is the heart-rending response of Mr Manders; while Mr MacKellar affords relief to the flood of indignation by intimating that the erring Hazlett had his name erased before the petition was presented, conveying also the gratifying intelligence that "Mr Hazlett expects the Clyde petition will not be interfered with by the Cromwell petition." And what does the gibbeted Clyde representative say to the awful charge? "Did sign petition at Cromwell without looking at it. On finding it for Gaol had my name at once erased. Think Clyde Gaol will be right." Ah, Mr Hazlett! we fear that last son won't avail you, in face of the evidence of the gentleman who scrawled your signature, and who elsewhere states his version of the story. Better, far better, to have at once admitted signing on the conviction that (Cromwell had the superior claims, than to place yourself between two stools, and become the central figure in this awful storm which has burst forth from the Clydians.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

DUNEDIN.

TUESDAY, 7.50 p.m.

At the Council yesterday, the remainder of the Estimates were passed as printed.

The proposal to remove the toll-bars two miles from the city boundaries was negatived.

The motion for the second reading of the Dunedin, Peninsula, and Ocean Beach Railway Bill was negatived by 14 to 13, after a rather hot discussion.

In reply to a motion of Ireland, Reid mentioned that the Engineer's report as to the flying survey of a railway line from Lawrence to Clyde would be laid on the table in a few days.

DeLator moved the desirability of giving effect to the recommendation of the Goldfields Committee with regard to the purchase of the Kawarau Bridge. Reid advised the exercise of caution in dealing with the interest of persons who had invested capital in risky works. The debate was adjourned till to-day, when the motion was negatived by 17 to 11.

In moving that it is not advisable the official department in connection with the Goldfields should be out of Dunedin, DeLator dwelt upon the present unsatisfactory management of the Goldfields Department in consequence of its headquarters being at Cromwell, and expressed his individual opinion that it would be in the interest of the Goldfields if a separate Department were done away with, but a less evil than the present would be to have the head of the Department resident in Dunedin. The Provincial Secretary remarked that the present arrangement worked well, and said the matter had now dwindled down to a personal question. After an acrimonious discussion, during which Fish was called to order by the Speaker, the motion was carried by 16 to 15.

It is intended to ask the Provincial Council to vote the sum of £100 for a portrait of the late Wilson Gray.

The medical attendants of Mr Stuart Hawthorne entertain no hope of his recovery.

A Wellington telegram gives a report, on good authority, that Vogel has sent out his resignation, to be used at the discretion of his colleagues, should they wish to get anyone else to join them before the session. Vogel's resignation, however, would involve that of the Ministry.

Parliament will likely meet about July 20. The Government will be prepared with a Bill for the abolition of the Northern Provinces, and it is expected the measure will be left open in such a way as to allow of the Southern Provinces being included, should the House so determine.

Yesterday's Times contains telegraphic intelligence from a Clyde correspondent stating that considerable excitement existed there owing to Mr Hazlett, M.P.C., signing petition for erection of gaol at Cromwell. On its becoming known, he says, that Mr Hazlett had signed under misapprehension of contents of petition the public excitement was a little allayed, but the Cromwell people felt indignant, and expressed their opinions very strongly on the matter.

LATEST.

The Crown Terrace question is settled. It is understood to be almost exactly as recommended some time since by the Goldfields Secretary. His recommendation was strongly to the effect that the land should be thrown open under special leases giving right of access to miners free of charge, except for actual damage done; and the rights of those now in occupation should, so far as practicable, be conserved. The members for the Lakes are in favor of the proposed action.

To-morrow, Mr Manders moves that the Cromwell petition re Gaol, &c., be referred to the Government.

It is said that the Kawarau bridge matter will come up in another form.

The Council is not likely to last longer than the present week.

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

GOLDFIELDS SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

A special meeting of Council was held in the Town Hall on Monday forenoon, at which were present the Mayor, Crs Arndt, Taylor, Talboys, and Whetter.

His Worship explained that the object of meeting was to consider whether any action should be taken by the Council in the matter of a notice of motion tabled by Mr De Lator in the Provincial Council, asking that body to affirm the desirability of the Goldfields Secretary residing at Dunedin instead of Cromwell. It was well-known and acknowledged that throughout the Goldfields—with the exception, probably, of the district represented by Mr De Lator, Mount Ida—the fact of the head of the Goldfields Department residing at a goldfields centre like Cromwell had been found to be a great advantage, and he (the Mayor) was sure that with perhaps two exceptions that official's continuing to have his headquarters here would be approved of by every municipality within goldfields bounds. He would be glad to hear the opinion of Councillors on the subject.

Cr Taylor fully endorsed the expressions of the Mayor, and could only attribute Mr De Lator's action to spleen—it certainly could not be prompted by a desire to benefit the Goldfields. He begged to propose—"Taking into consideration the importance of Cromwell as a gold-producing district, and its geographical position as to convenience for the administration of Goldfields business by the Goldfields Secretary, this Council submits that the work of the Goldfields Secretary's office can be better carried on for the convenience of business at his office here than if it were removed to Dunedin." Seconded by Cr Whetter, and carried.

The Clerk was instructed to telegraph copy of above resolution to Mr Hallenstein for presentation to the Council, when the motion came on for discussion.

The meeting then closed.

BANNOCKBURN AND THE CARRICK RANGE.

BY VIATOR.

(Continued.)

Passing through the erstwhile busy township of Quartzville, in which a sort of "deadly liveliness" seems now to prevail, I came to the Crown and Cross Company's reef. The proprietors were engaged in making a dray road from the mine to the mill-site, situated about 300 yards down the gully. I was shown over the workings, which are in excellent trim. A main level is driven about 120 feet into the spur, and drives are opened east and west along the reef. The stone looks very rich, but very full of arsenical pyrites. The reef averages about two feet in width, and there are ninety feet of backs above the present level. Between the mill-site and the tunnel, a much deeper level can be reached at some future date. There are over 100 tons of stone in the paddock, and I should estimate it, from former experiences of similar stone, to yield an ounce and a half per ton, and a possible loss of an ounce and a half more from the present defective appliances for crushing and amalgamation. Gold can be seen freely in the stone, which is of a much more solid character than the majority of Carrick reefs, and is traversed by deep blue veins of pyrites. I fancy it upsets Mr Ulrich's theory of mullock reefs, under which head he places the reefs in this locality, though to what class in geology the term "mullock" is applied, I candidly confess I am ignorant. One of the promoters, Mr Watson, explained an invention of his own, which seems to me to be an excellent plan, for amalgamation ripple. It is an entirely new idea, and he intends to have one constructed for their battery, when erected.

While upon this subject, I may mention that I was shown by Mr Reid, mining engineer, his plans for a "tailings pulveriser" and amalgamator, and am confident, if they were erected at one of the mills, the results would give such an impetus to quartz mining in Otago, as no amount of new discoveries could achieve. The machine is not very expensive, very simple in its details, and certainly cannot fail to carry out the promises of the inventor, who cannot be called a tyro in such matters, having had twenty years' experience in the art. I trust some of the companies may shortly take up the question of the erection of one of these machines, and fairly demonstrate that our quartz reefs in Otago do not fail from want of a paying admixture of the precious metal with the ore. I grant that it is possible that even with the above all the gold will not be saved, but the quantities of pyrites, etc., will be so considerably reduced that the expense of treating them by roasting or any other process is reduced to a minimum.

To return to the reefs, I next visited the Try Again, late the White Horse.—Messrs McKersie, Saltoun, and Co. This company have a tunnel in on the same line as the Crown and Cross, and have a really good show of stone from sixteen inches to two feet in width. I saw a dish of stone washed, and can affirm that it was almost impossible to take up one piece that did not contain large quantities of gold; but, as in the last described, pyrites here predominate, and the company are actually leaving the stone behind, because, as they have found, they cannot save a tithe of the gold, and are only taking that which is tolerably free from mundic. I saw some of the pyrites roasted, and a lot of gold was visible where none could before be seen,—a tolerable proof to me of a ruinous loss during disintegration. This party have lately purchased the Standard battery, and I wish them success.

Next in order is the Caledonian. This company are just now prosecuting an expensive but necessary piece of work. They are driving a main level which will give them a vertical grip of 180 feet. The adit is in 272 feet, and a cross-cut is put in to the westward of 56 feet. Another shift or two will bring them under the line of reef, and before many days they may expect to cut it. This has been hitherto one of the best paying reefs on the Carrick, and I see nothing preposterous in supposing that it is likely to retain this character. The work is performed under the superintendence of Mr Patterson in a very efficient and workmanlike style. He is evidently up to the business of manager, a desideratum rarely acquired by mining companies hitherto.

Proceeding up the range, I came to the Star of the East. I found this company in full swing, and the mill crushing away right merrily. The stone now being crushed is likely to yield from two to three and a half ounces per ton. I was kindly shown all over the mine by Mr Cameron, the mine manager, who seems to take a very justifiable pride in his work. The main level is in 530 feet, and is so perfectly straight that daylight can be seen from the farthest end. The reef now being worked is about twenty inches wide, and has a very considerable underlie to the east. The stone is very clean, and tolerably free from arsenical pyrites, although iron abounds in oxides. The last crushing of 230 tons gave 260 ounces, the greater part of which came from 60 tons from the "make" lately discovered. The mill is under the superintendence of Mr W. Menzies; it is in excellent trim. He showed me some of Mr Ulrich's "drop-wells," about which so much fuss has been made. He has placed them at the end of a flume which carries all the tailings from the batteries, and when he had them cleaned up, the result was a quarter of a grain (!) per ton for the last two crushings. Seeing that Mr Ulrich's fiat was that the loss generally was equal to the actual yield at our batteries, this trial of his plan for the

prevention of such loss does not say much for his practical knowledge of amalgamation, whatever his capabilities as a geologist may be. In any other hands I might have doubted, but Mr Menzies is so thoroughly trustworthy in such matters that I fancy our Victorian mentor discovered what many a wiser man has done before, a "mare's nest."

"The shades of evening closing o'er me," I did not visit the Heart of Oak tunnel, but I was informed that Mr Holliday, the contractor, was pushing on his work with his accustomed vigour. There were several other lines of reef not now in work, so I deemed it hardly necessary to visit them. The Carrickton township is here situated, and consists apparently of three public-houses and one store, and how they all exist with so many Templars about is somewhat of a mystery to me.

Next morning I ascended higher, and came to the Young Australian claim, and can only remark that anyone who chooses to earn a livelihood at that elevation richly deserves to be well paid. Mr Sam. Williams, a very old quartz-refer, one of the proprietors, took me over the mine and mill. They have a very complete crushing plant, driven by a 26-foot water-wheel, the power for which is supplied from the Carrick Water Company's race, and when fine weather sets in will be in full operation. The yield has hitherto been over one ounce per ton. There has been an immense amount of work done in the mine, and thousands of tons of payable stone are now in sight, so that Mr Williams and his mates are likely to reap a rich reward for their pluck and energy in carrying on operations to a successful issue in the face of almost insuperable difficulties. There is work in the present reef for very many years, and when I was there they had struck a new reef in the claim, farther back, at 80 feet, which was also likely to pay well. I may remark, en passant, that if the Government were to extend the road by this claim, it would be a great boon, as there will be considerable traffic there next Spring. In the meantime, good luck to the Young Australian.

Higher still I found the Leader reef, owned by Mr Evan Jones, several crushings from which have averaged over 24 dwts per ton. He had drawn his timber from his original level to use it in another he is putting in lower down, on the opposite side of the spur, so that I could not get into the old workings. He is in with his new drive over 50 feet, and expects to cut the reef at 100 feet, or sooner. The driving is very easy, but I think if he had a larger company, work would be expedited and returns come in much sooner. He is at present sole proprietor, having bought out his former partners.

Further on is a reef which, if not named, might be called the "Excelsior,"—indeed I thought it too much so for me. It belongs to Messrs Tupker and Wilson, and some of our Cromwell capitalists. Whatever shares may be sold at in this reef, they are sure to be considered "high." I saw some stone crushed and prospects washed from this claim previously, and they were, to speak honestly, excellent. The Carrick water-race is also available for this claim.

There being nothing more of note to see, I turned and retraced my steps down hill, and penned this crude but veracious account of what I did see; and, Mr Editor, your readers may rest assured that it is a "full, true, and particular account." I have no interest in the reefs or any other mining claims, but merely, as I said before, having a few days' idleness, "I went, I saw," and, if any good results from my visit, I will say, "conquered."

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

A QUERY.

To the Editor of the CROMWELL ARGUS.

SIR,—Can you inform me and others if Councillor Whetter has not ceased to hold a qualification to represent Bridge Ward in the Municipal Council, and if, by clause 33, he is not liable to a penalty of fifty pounds for acting as such?—I am, &c., ENQUIRER.

Bridge Ward.

REMOVAL OF SERGEANT CASSELS.

To the Editor of the CROMWELL ARGUS.

SIR,—In your issue of 3rd instant, is inserted a letter signed "M. Fitzgerald," referring to two letters from this neighbourhood expressing a desire that Sergeant Cassels' services should be continued in this district. Mr Fitzgerald appears to draw the inference that Mr Cassels' successor, Mr McGann, is not treated with fair play. Now, that most respectable and efficient officer and his friends may rest assured that not the slightest idea of disparagement to Mr McGann was implied.

The system of itinerancy appears to be an established rule in the Force.

However anxious we may be to retain the services of two such efficient officers in their late respective appointments, Mr Fitzgerald may rest assured that any idea of depreciating Mr McGann's ability and services was quite foreign to the writers' intentions.—I am, &c., OBSERVER.

THE GAOL PETITIONS.

To the Editor of the CROMWELL ARGUS.

SIR,—In an "extra" issued on the 4th by the Dunstan Times, a copy of a telegram from Mr James Hazlett is given, in which he says he signed the petition re establishment of a District Court and Gaol in Cromwell, "without looking at it." Whether this version is correct or not I cannot say; but I think anyone who knows Mr Hazlett will give him credit for more wisdom than to sign any document "without looking at it." I was requested by the Corporation of Cromwell to obtain signatures to the said petition. I called upon Mr Hazlett and asked him for his autograph, and handed him the document for perusal. He at first demurred, and told me

that sittings were sure to be held in Cromwell. I remarked that was all very well, but I thought the importance of Cromwell and its large contributions to the revenue gave it superior claims over Clyde to have the vote expended here, and as he was now partially resident and had established his business in Cromwell, it would look graceful on his part to support the application for the expenditure of the vote in the latter place. He thereupon attached his name, as I imagined with a full understanding of what he was doing, and if he now repudiates the act, he displays—well, inconsistency.—I am, &c., GEO. B. DOUGLAS.

Cromwell, June 8, 1875.

MAGISTRATE'S COURT.

FRIDAY, JUNE 4, 1875.

(Before W. Lawrence Simpson, Esq., R.M.)

Police v. Elizabeth Luscombe.—Breach of Municipal Ordinances by allowing chimney to catch fire.—Fine 1s, with costs, 6s 6d.

Owen Pierce was granted a renewal of his slaughtering license for premises situate at Kawarau River.

CIVIL CASES.

Elizabeth Co. (per C. Colclough, manager) v. Gudgeon.—£42 10s, calls. Settled.

Sane v. T. Wilson, £16; C. S. Reeves, £5; and W. Lane, £5.—Settled.

Same v. J. Alves, P. Kelegher, A. T. Dunning, C. L. C. Fenwick, W. Asher, and C. W. Edwards.—Adjourned till 11th inst.

Jules La Fontaine v. J. Baker.—Claim for £5 5s. Judgment for £4, with costs, 12s.

T. Graham and Co. v. G. B. Williamson.—£4 11s 6d.—Adjourned till 11th inst.

J. Perriam v. Same.—£36 2s 6d.—Adjourned to 18th.

LICENSING MEETING.

(Before W. L. Simpson, Esq., (Chairman); J. Loughnan, Esq., J.P.; J. A. Preshaw, and W. Bennett, Esqs.)

NEW LICENSES.

Timothy Gorman, Roaring Meg. Objected to by police, and adjourned to 18th inst.

Henry Byron, Mount Pisa Flat, refused.

Wm. Cameron, Logantown, Bendigo, adjourned to 18th, to make enquiries.

RENEWALS GRANTED.

Cromwell.—John Marsh, Bridge; G. W. Goodger, Junction Commercial; Thos. Heron, White Hart; G. M. Starkey, Kawarau; S. Kelly, Golden Age; R. Kidd, Cromwell; J. Beattie, Clutha; Jas. Stuart, Victoria.

Kawarau Gorge.—N. Campion, Digger's Rest; D. Murley, Sluicers' Arms.

Bannockburn.—J. Richards, Bannockburn; S. Champion, Sluicers' Arms.

Quartzville.—C. Peak, Carrick Range; James Lawrence, Commercial.

Carrickton.—John Jackson, All Nations; C. Angel, Reelers' Arms.

Louburn.—I. Perriam, Welcome Home.

Rocky Point.—G. M'Lauchlan, Rocky Point.

Bendigo.—W. G. Smith, Solway; C. O'Donnell, Bendigo.

Cromwell Road.—R. Felton, Falcon.

BUSH LICENSE.

William Howard, Morven Hills, Lindie, granted.

TRANSFER.

From R. E. Dagg to John Beattie, Clutha Hotel—granted.

BREWER'S LICENSE.

James Gibson, Cromwell—granted.

BILLIARD LICENSE.

William Cameron, Logantown—granted.

WARDEN'S COURT.

FRIDAY, JUNE 4, 1875.

(Before W. L. Simpson, Esq., Warden.)

APPLICATIONS.

Protection.—A. Wood applied for 90 days protection for claim, Bailey's Gully—granted 14 days. Thomas Muir and others, 90 days, claim between Bailey's and Pipeclay; W. N. Green, 90 days, claim, Adams' Gully, and C. Green, 90 days, claim, Adams' Gully, were granted.

Extended Claims.—C. M'Donald and another, 2 acres, Bailey's Gully; A. Aitken and four others, 5 acres, Bailey's Gully; S. Graham and another, 2 acres, Bailey's Gully—granted.

Tail Races.—S. Graham, from claim Bailey's Gully, granted. Owen O'Neil and J. Handcock and party, same locality, refused.

Water Race.—C. Schade and another, from Long Gully—granted.

Drm.—Ah Hoe and others, Doctor's Flat, granted.

Mining Leases.—C. Hansen, 16 acres, Bendigo Gully; C. Colclough, 400 by 200 yards, north of Logan's second lease, Bendigo; and H. C. Daniels and party, 400 by 200 yards, head of Rise and Shine Range, were adjourned each for 30 days.

The Provincial Council of Auckland have voted a grant of £1000 to the widow of the late Superintendent of that Province, Mr Williamson.

The mining manager of the Sons of Fortune Company, Arrow River, informs the local paper that while working in the tunnel, a depth of 90 feet from the surface, last week, the men came across several fine totara logs, about 2ft 6in through. They were in a perfect state of preservation. The manager reports very favorably of the mine.

The danger of tamping powder charges with an iron instead of a wooden rammer was painfully shown at Tuapeka the other day, when a young man named Giles had just placed a charge of powder in a drill hole, and was ramming it with a rod in place of a wooden rammer, the consequence being that the charge exploded, causing frightful injuries to the unfortunate man's face and hands.

The Bruce Herald's important witness in the Tichborne case, Mr A. M'Donald, of Hokonui, in a letter in the Southland News, says:—"The whole tenor of the article in the Bruce Herald of 31st April, associating my name with the school days and early history of Roger Tichborne, is false, being entirely the production of some idle scribbler to hoax the press."



## PROVINCIAL COUNCIL.

MONDAY, MAY 31st.

The Hon. the SPEAKER took the chair at 2 p.m.

## GOVERNMENT BUSINESS.

Mr BASTINGS said he wished to inform the Council that it was the intention of the Government during the present session to bring down an Ordinance giving them power to vest in trustees the educational reserves already Crown-granted and enabling them to borrow £30,000 on the security of those reserves. This would relieve the Estimates of the sum of £25,000, put upon them this year for building purposes. He hoped honorable members would take this matter into serious consideration, as he knew there were great differences of opinion on the point; some contending that those reserves were not made for the present, but for the benefit of posterity. But as he remarked on a previous occasion, whatever they might consider due to posterity, they had reason to consider the present generation; and viewing the very large amount that had been done for posterity in this new country, he thought they would be quite justified in borrowing some money for this year. Resolutions would also be brought down at once, with reference to an extension of the deferred payment system, and to the raising of a loan for the construction of branch railways. The Government had placed a sum of £5000 on the Estimates as a refund in connection with the gold export duty. That would be equal to one-half the duty for the year, which would be as much as the Government would be justified in refunding; if they were to expend the sums placed on the Estimates for public works. The Estimates would be placed in the hands of hon. members in a few minutes, and he hoped hon. members would be able to go through them and go into Committee of Supply without delay.

## PURCHASE OF PRIVATE BRIDGES.

Mr MANDERS asked the Provincial Secretary whether the Government have considered that portion of Report of the Select Committee on Goldfields, which says:—"That this Committee recommend the purchase of this (Bannockburn) and other private bridges erected under Government conditions, out of any loan or advance obtained from the Colonial Government, and the reduction of tolls on such bridges to a limit that shall provide funds sufficient for interest for a sinking fund and for maintenance of these bridges?"

Mr BASTINGS replied that the Government could not do anything in the matter until the Council, as a body took some action in connection with the report of the Select Committee.

## THE RABBIT NUISANCE.

Mr MANDERS moved—"That a Select Committee be appointed to enquire as to the best steps that can be taken to suppress the evil known as the rabbit nuisance; such Committee to consist of Messrs Reid, Daniel, Tolmie, Rogers, Shand, Hon. Dr Menzies, and the Mover, with power to take evidence and call for papers. To report within ten days." Agreed to.

## FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

Mr MOODY, Treasurer, then entered into a statement of estimated receipts and expenditure for the current year. As the principal amendments have previously been summarised in our telegraphic columns, it is unnecessary to go over the Treasurer's figures. Mr Moody concluded by moving "That the Committee report progress on the item 'Loans,' and that the remainder of the late Estimates be discharged."

In the discussion which ensued on the motion,

Mr REID said that the Treasurer could not mix up matter for two motions, but should simply move that progress be reported. The Government had not given sufficient reason yet why the late Estimates should be discharged. He had not had time to look through the new Estimates, but from what he heard last week, and from what he had heard from the Treasurer just now, he thought that they were not very reliable. He really thought, seriously, that seeing the farce had gone so far, they should report progress in order to look into the matter.

Mr MANDERS pointed out that in the amended Estimates £2000 had been taken off the sum for Goldfields roads and bridges, and £300 added to the Southland expenditure. Southland members might be smiling and satisfied, but Goldfields members were not.

It was eventually agreed "to report progress and ask leave to sit again," and the House adjourned till 2 o'clock next day.

TUESDAY, JUNE 1.

The Hon. the SPEAKER took the chair at 2 p.m.

## PETITIONS.

Mr HAZLETT presented a petition from 87 settlers in the Dunstan district, praying that certain agricultural land might be thrown open for settlement on Run 221.

## REPORT.

The following report from the Select Committee on Goldfields was submitted by Mr De Lautour:—

In re petition of 133 miners and others of Bannockburn and Carrick Range.—The petitioners pray that a block of land may be set apart as commonage on south side of Kawarau River. Your Committee having given this petition due consideration, is of opinion that it cannot see its way to make a distinct recommendation in the matter, but would suggest that, if any arrangement cannot be arrived at with the runholders, to tolerate the unavoidable trespass of the necessary cattle and horses, belonging to residents in the district, a commonage should be set apart in

such a way as to injure the run as little as possible.

## CROMWELL.

Mr BASTINGS moved—"That an address be presented to his Honor the Superintendent, recommending that section 12, block III, Cromwell, be set apart as a site for a public hospital."—Carried.

## WANT OF CONFIDENCE.

When the Order of the Day for the House to resolve itself into Committee of Supply was about to be called on,

Mr BASTINGS said that, as a notice of motion had been tabled by the hon. member (Mr Reid), "That the House has no confidence in the present Government," he wished to say that it was not the intention of the Government to proceed with any more business until that motion had been disposed of. He therefore moved, "That the House adjourn until 2 p.m. next day." Of course, he had no wish to delay the business, and therefore, if by the rules of the House, it could be arranged that the matter could be proceeded with that evening at 7 o'clock, he should have no objection. Perhaps, however, it would be only fair to the hon. member for the Taieri that he should have an opportunity of calling a few caucous meetings. As fighting seemed to be the order of the day, it would be only fair to give the hon. member time. (Hear, hear.)

After some discussion, Mr Bastings then said he would move that the House adjourn until 7 o'clock. If there were then two-thirds of the members present, it could be moved that the Standing Orders be suspended, and the difficulty would by that means be got over.

On the House resuming at 7 p.m.,

Mr Bastings moved that the Standing Orders be suspended, to enable Mr Reid to move his motion.—The motion was carried.

Mr REID said that, in rising to move the motion of which he had given notice, "That this Council has no confidence in the present Executive," it would be his duty, while asking the support of the Council, to show the reasons which were given against the late Government retaining their seats, and that the promises made by the present Government had not been realised. He would first refer to the charges that were made against the members of the late Executive. They were these: That the Provincial Secretary had too much to do, and that public works were being delayed; also, that the revenue was estimated too high. The other reasons were, that justness had not been meted out to Southland. Well, he (Mr Reid) thought the first charge, that the late Provincial Secretary had too much to do, and that consequently works were delayed, had been fully answered. He thought he had already showed conclusively that, as compared with previous years, works had been pressed forward with more than usual despatch; and the objection raised, that the late Provincial Secretary had too much to do was answered by the fact that the present head of the Government had taken upon himself duties which, in his (Mr Reid's) opinion, entailed as great a demand on his time as did the duties of those offices which were held by the late Provincial Secretary. Regarding the objection that the revenue had been estimated too high, he would ask hon. members to consider the Estimates that were regarded as too high with those brought before the Council by the present Executive. They had there not one single item of reduction, whilst they had as against the rents from educational endowments and against school fees an increase of £1500, and in respect to lands an increased estimate of £50,000. They found in regard to the Southland votes—notwithstanding the great injustice that was being perpetrated on Southland—notwithstanding that all business must come to a standstill until the present Government had remodeled the Estimates; they found he said an increase for votes in Southland of £4680; and when they bore in mind that it was very probable the sums voted might be short of the expenditure, it looked as if they had been playing a very palpable and transparent farce. The Treasurer, in his statement, made the following remarks:—"To explain the apparent anomaly of decreasing the expenditure and spending a greater amount on necessary works than was on the last Estimates, I must draw the attention of hon. members to the fact that £25,000 for school buildings has been omitted." He (Mr Reid) inferred from these observations that school buildings were not looked upon as necessary works. He, on the contrary, looked upon the erection of school buildings as the most important and urgent work they could undertake. In nearly every district in the province demands were being made in regard to school buildings, and he failed to see how those demands were to be met by the proposal to raise £30,000 on the system of terminable annuities, bearing interest not to exceed 7 per cent., including sinking fund. Were our school buildings to remain at a standstill while they were looking for the money, or had they the assurance that the money would be forthcoming. The proposal to leave the school buildings to such a chance was one the Council could hardly agree to. It had been his (Mr Reid's) good fortune to command a large share of the confidence of the Council—perhaps undeservedly—but when the hon. member said he had attempted to hold office for the sake of office, and that he altered his opinions for the sake of holding office, he said that which every member of the Council knew was not correct. (Hear, hear.) It might be news for the hon. member to tell him that he had just had as many colleagues in office up to the present time as he (Mr Reid) had had—if he excepted the year 1867, when he only held office for a few hours. The hon. member had had 13 colleagues, and

he (Mr Reid) had had the same number. (Applause.) He (Mr Reid) entered the Council in 1862, and had been in it continuously since that time; but the hon. member did not enter the Council until 1871. Therefore, he thought he could say he had been as free from mixing himself up with strangers as had the hon. member—(hear, hear);—but before many hours had passed, he thought it was probable he should have an opportunity of having a few more colleagues, and the hon. member could add them to the number. (Hear, hear.) Having referred to the colleagues the hon. member (Mr Bastings) had had at different times, and the proposals he had made, he (Mr Reid) referred to the hon. member's observations on the land policy. Said that hon. member, "As to the land policy, that was settled. They were now carrying out the Land Act of 1866, and the best thing they could do was to administer the law as they had it, for the benefit of the country, in a fair and impartial spirit." Well, that, he (Mr Reid) presumed, was what every Government aimed at. But, notwithstanding the cries of the hon. member against the sale of large blocks of land, he might remind the hon. member that he was a member of the Government who sold a large block to Mr Logan when there was little occasion for it. There was also the case of Captain Henderson. He (Mr Reid) did not think that that was administering the Act in a fair and impartial spirit. The policy of the late Government was in the Superintendent's opening address, which the hon. member did not dare to move a motion upon. The result of the Treasurer's endeavors was a total increase on roads and works in the province of £4080, and a decrease of £25,000 in school buildings. After addressing the House for a few minutes longer, Mr Reid left his motion in the hands of the House, with the greatest confidence, and said that, whatever might be the decision of the Council, it would be to the best interests of the province that the matter should be settled in a more definite way than it stood at the present time.

Mr BASTINGS said that the hon. member for the Taieri had indulged in personal remarks concerning him, and had endeavored, as far as possible, to lower him in the estimation of the House. He thought that it was due to his position in that House, and also to his position as a public man, that he should make some explanations regarding the official positions which he had held in connection with the province and the House. The hon. member for the Taieri had endeavored to show both the House and the country that he had always been actuated by a spirit of patriotism in the positions which he had held in this province. He (Mr Bastings) contended that the patriotism of the hon. member consisted in seeking position and influence for himself, and that, in order to obtain these, he had thrown the interests of the country, and of the men who had worked with him to the winds. (Hear, hear.) It was the action of the hon. member that first called him (Mr Bastings) into political life, as he was actively engaged at his own private affairs when he was induced by the hon. member for the Peninsula and the hon. member for Dunedin, Mr Turnbull, to leave that business and to come to town for the purpose [Mr Bastings then entered into a history of his political career, which our space forbids publishing.]

Members on both sides having addressed the House, the division was taken, with the following result:—

## AYES—24.

Allan  
Armstrong  
Clark  
Davie  
Haggitt  
Hallenstein  
Henderson  
Ireland  
Lumsden  
Manders  
Menzies  
Mills  
Mollison  
MacKellar  
M'Dermid  
M'Lean  
M'Neil  
Reeves  
Reid  
Reynolds  
Stout  
Steward  
Tolmie  
Turnbull

## NOES—19.

Bastings  
Brown, J. C.  
Browne, G. F. C.  
Daniel  
De Lautour  
Driver  
Fish  
Green  
Hazlett  
Kinross  
Moody  
M'Glashan  
M'Kenzie  
Rogers  
Shand  
Sumpter  
Turton  
Wilson  
Wood

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 2.

Mr MACKELLAR presented a petition from 180 inhabitants of Cromwell, praying for the establishment of a District Court, etc.

## RESIGNATION OF THE EXECUTIVE.

Mr BASTINGS informed the House that in consequence of the decision arrived at at last sitting, the Executive had tendered their resignations, and he had advised his Honor to send for the honorable member for the Taieri. In order to enable that gentleman to make arrangements he would move "that the House do adjourn till two o'clock tomorrow."

Mr REID, in seconding the motion, said the Superintendent had done him the honor of sending for him, and he had undertaken the duty of forming an Executive. Of course, he could not say that anything had yet been done, but it was quite possible that when the House met again, he would be in a position to report some progress.

THURSDAY, JUNE 3.

## THE NEW EXECUTIVE.

Mr REID said that he wished to make an explanation as to the formation of the new

Government before the Council proceeded with the business on the Order Paper. Honorable members were aware that, on the previous day, he undertook the task of forming a new Executive. As soon as he did so, he placed himself in communication with his late colleague, Mr Turnbull, with the intention of inducing him to resume his former position in the Executive,—a position which he thought that gentleman had filled with great credit to himself and advantage to the country.—(Hear.) But he regretted to say that that honorable member did not see his way to accept a position in the Government, owing entirely, he believed, to private reasons. He then placed himself in communication with the honorable member for the city, Mr Davie, who, he was glad to say, had consented to become Provincial Treasurer. His late colleague, Mr MacKellar, had consented to act again in the capacity of Goldfields Secretary; and his late colleague, Mr Lumsden, representing the Southland district, had also again consented to join the Government as a non-official member. After considering the resolution come to a short time ago by that House, he came to the conclusion that it would be exceedingly desirable to obtain the services of some gentleman who would take care of the office which had hitherto been held by himself; and he was glad to say that he had succeeded in obtaining the assistance of the honorable member for North Harbour.—(Hear, hear, and loud laughter.) He meant the honorable member for Blueskin, who would hold the office of Secretary for Works.—(Hear.) He also succeeded in securing the services of Mr Steward, who would act as unofficial member. The Government did not think there was any great necessity for reprinting the Estimates, and in regard to the small sum of £13,000 for new works which the late Executive proposed to add to those Estimates, the present Government proposed to bring down that sum on the Supplementary Estimates.

In regard to the proposed Education Bill—originally brought before the House, the Government intended to proceed with it, but if it came to be a question whether there should be a general rate or no rate at all, he would agree to a general rate rather than that districts should be without the power of improving their school-buildings unless they used their school fees. But he believed a general rate would be found inoperative, and would aggravate the evil which it was said would be occasioned by the passing of this Bill. At the same time, this was entirely an open question; and he believed some members of the Executive would be found voting against the Bill. And here he might remark that it was intended to make as few Government questions as possible.—(Laughter.) If the House was dissatisfied with the Government, the proper course was to table a want-of-confidence motion. When Government questions arose, the fact would be plainly stated, and he thought they should be as few and far between as possible.—(Renewed laughter.) He would not detain the House further, but in order to give an opportunity to those members who desired to speak, he would move, *pro forma*, the adjournment of the House. The Government were prepared to take up the business on the Order Paper, and proceed with the work at once.

Mr BASTINGS said it was his intention, on the present occasion, to follow the example of the present head of the Government, a few weeks ago, when he stated that he intended to offer no factious opposition. It was his intention to assist as far as he could in pushing on the business. At the same time he thought an Opposition was always necessary to keep the Government up to the mark, and he trusted that the members of that party which voted for him on the last occasion would be true to their colours as representatives in that respect, and see that the Government carried out what they promised.

Mr FISH echoed much that had fallen from Mr Bastings. It was quite evident that the late Executive had been ejected from office mainly upon personal grounds. Of the new Provincial Treasurer, against whom he had no personal feeling, he could only say that he preferred the late Treasurer (Mr Turnbull) to the diluted stuff in his place. To the Goldfields Secretary he had no personal objection, but he objected to the way that honorable member had been pitched into office. No doubt the honorable gentleman would make an efficient Goldfields Secretary. He (Mr Fish) would watch their actions closely, and if they tripped he would not fail to punish them. He congratulated the Government and the country on the constitution of the Executive, and trusted that the business would be rapidly proceeded with.

Mr MACKELLAR explained that he would not have taken notice of Mr Fish's reference to his first taking office with the honorable member for the Taieri, had it not been repeated on several occasions. There was nothing sneaking or dishonourable about his taking office. When his private reasons had been removed he took office. There was nothing to conceal and nothing to be ashamed of, and he trusted the honorable member would be satisfied with the explanation.

## COMMITTEE OF SUPPLY.

In Committee of Supply in the evening, a recriminatory discussion, extending over 3 hours, took place on the item "Secretary for Goldfields, £400." It was first proposed, as an amendment, to reduce it by £275. This was lost by 21 votes against 15. During the discussion, Mr Reid said that if the amendment were carried, he would regard it as reflecting on the constitution of the Government. It was subsequently proposed that the item be struck out. This was also negatived. It eventually passed by a majority of eight—21 voting for, and 13 against it.

## NOTES ON PROVINCIAL COUNCIL ITEMS.

### THE GOLD DUTY.

The gold duty reduction members must, I fancy, judging by their subsequent conduct, have been dreadfully disgusted lately at the conduct of the Reid-Turnbull Executive in being prepared to forego a portion or the whole of the obnoxious tax if the General Government would only signify the manner in which it could be legally done. Why, their occupation was clean gone, and they hadn't a grievance worthy of their talents left upon which to expatiate, and to which they could, with any degree of satisfaction to themselves, point their constituents. A happy thought, however, occurred to some of them. Perhaps the Government were telling a —, well, a political story, and it would be well to find them out in doing so. And accordingly Mr Brown (on a well-known old principle, I suppose,) was moved to ask a question in reference to this reduction, and the how and the why and all about it. Only to end in confusion worse confounded; for the Goldfields Secretary was still more explicit than his Honor. And then came deputation after deputation to the Colonial Secretary and to the Superintendent, and notices in the papers, and—bah! messieurs, your little game is up. We all thank you for your zeal, but there is no use in "pouring water on a drowned rat." If the reduction can be made at all, we are satisfied with the assurances of the Government on the subject, and there's no use in your trying to gain any more popularity on the subject than you deserve. Your industrious efforts can only embarrass the Government: they can serve no useful purpose whatever. Drop your play-acting in the deputation line, and attend to your business.

### THE BASTINGS GOVERNMENT.

The new Government's first appearance, as is usually the case, was the means apparently of provoking a short but extremely lively discussion, in which a good many members took part. By a reference to the reply at the end of it by Mr Bastings, and to the remarks made during the discussion by members supporting the Government, the criticisms of the members for the Taieri, the Kawarau, and Invercargill must have touched upon very sore places, especially the allusions to the Executive wearing the old clothes of their predecessors, to their being a Government of the "unemployed," and to the log-rolling and wire-pulling which had taken place. Mr Bastings, of course, would not agree with the Kawarau member's condemnation of his conduct in making it a grave charge against Mr Reid that he held the three offices of Provincial Secretary, Secretary for Works, and Secretary for Lands, while he himself aspired to fill three offices, still more onerous, and exacting more time and attention: Of course not. The note in Mr Reid's eye was clearly distinguishable through a pair of Opposition spectacles, but the beam in his own—oh dear no! How delightful was the verandah of Mr Green! "The Government had not yet had time to agree upon a policy," and "he would be most happy to wear the old clothes of the hon. member for the Taieri—that was, if they would fit him." Mr Moody surrendered unconditionally. He admitted that there had been wire-pulling, but could not see that there was any harm in wire-pulling and log-rolling, because such things had happened before. Mr Moody is evidently no relation of his Evangelistic namesake when he defends such conduct on the ground that two blacks will make a white. Mr Moody must have felt rather unhappy while he was making such a speech, for he had (in Southland, at any rate,) the character of being a straightforward sort of man. Mr Fish of course had to make a speech, and equally as a matter of course he contrived to contradict not only his opponents, but also the head of the Government of which he was a member, and his colleague, the Secretary for Lands. They admitted the Government had not yet agreed upon a policy, but Mr Fish not only asserted they had one, but proceeded to state it also. Mr Fish evidently lacks the quality known as the better part of valour.

### An Atmospheric Quartz-Crusher.

The New Zealand Herald says:—The latest novelty in the quartz-mining world of Australia is a patent atmospheric stamp and quartz-crusher which was recently exhibited to the miners of Ballarat. This machine has in less than a week, in consequence of its performances, commanded almost universal attention. It is a battery of two stamps, and weighs just one ton, and it does the work of seven or eight stamps of the latest Victorian fashion. The main difference between it and the stamps now in use is, that while each of the latter, weighing 700lbs, and falling by its weight at seventy blows a minute, strikes exactly at its own weight, the former weighs 75lbs, and is made to strike with the force of 1000lbs, striking at the rate of 300 blows a minute. The difference of the result is the following:—The old stamper strikes with a force of 98,000lbs per minute, while the new one strikes with a force of 400,000lbs. This convenient machine must be of immense benefit to prospectors as a crusher for everyday work. It may be described thus:—Each piston and stamp-head, which rotate in the usual way, is raised by a double cam on the main shaft, thus alternating the blows, and making it equivalent to a balance wheel. The piston is raised into an atmospheric chamber, thereby creating vacuum underneath the same, which gives immense momentum to the stamp when relieved from the upward motion of the cams, so as to produce the results above-mentioned.

## A Youthful Thespian.

A few days ago young Gurley whose father lives in Croghan street, organised a theatrical company and purchased the dime novel play of "Hamlet." The company consisted of three boys and an ostler, and Mr Gurley's hired girl was to be the Ghost if the troupe could guarantee her fifty cents per night.

Young Gurley, suddenly, bloomed out as a professional, and when his mother asked him to bring in some wood he replied:

"Though I am penniless thou canst not degrade me!"

"You trot out after that wood or I'll have your father tounce you!" she exclaimed.

"The tyrant who lays his hands upon me shall die!" replied the boy, but he got the wood.

He was out on the step when a man came along and asked him where Lafayette street was.

"Doomed for a certain time to roam the earth!" replied Gurley in a hoarse voice, and holding his right arm out straight.

"I say—you! Where is Lafayette street?" called the man.

"Ah! Could the dead but speak—ah!" continued Gurley.

The man drove him into the house, and his mother sent him to the grocer after potatoes.

"I go, most noble duchess," he said as he took up the basket, "but my good sword shall some day avenge these insults!"

He knew that the grocer favored theatricals, and when he got there he said:

"Art thou provided with a store of vegetable known as the tater, most excellent duke?"

"What in thunder do you want?" growled the grocer, as he cleaned the cheese knife on a piece of paper.

"Thy pebbian mind is dull of comprehension!" answered Gurley.

"Don't try to get off any of your nonsense on me, or I'll crack your empty pate in a minute!" roared the grocer, and "Hamlet" had to come down from his high horse and ask for a peck of potatoes.

"What made you so long?" asked his mother as he returned.

"Thy grave shall be dug in the cypress glade!" he haughtily answered.

When his father came home at noon Mrs Gurley told him that she believed that the boy was going crazy, and related what had occurred.

"I see what ails him," mused the father; "this explains why he hangs around Johnson's barn so much."

At the dinner table young Gurley spoke of his father as the "illustrious count," and when his mother asked him if he would have some butter gravy he answered:

"The appetite of a warrior cannot be satisfied with such nonsense."

When the meal was over the father went out to his favorite shade tree, cut a sprout, and the boy was asked to step out into the woolshed and see if the penstock was frozen up. He found the penstock there, and he said:

"Why most noble lord, I had supposed thee far away!"

"I'm not so far away but what I'm going to make you skip!" growled the father. "I'll teach you to fool round with ten cent tragedy! Come up here!"

For about five minutes the woolshed was full of dancing feet, flying arms and moving bodies, and then the old man took rest and inquired:

"There, your highness, dost want any more?"

"Oh! no dad—not a darned bit!" wailed the young "manager," and while the father started for down town he went in and sorrowfully informed the hired girl that he must cancel her engagement until the Fall season.

An Awkward Swallow.—In the hospital in Montpellier, France, is a patient who has just swallowed a thermometer, left on his table, while suffering from temporary delirium. They have a great deal of trouble with him now. When he drinks hot coffee that thermometer flies against the roof of his mouth hard enough to lift his hat off, and when he eats ice cream it gets down in his boots and worries his corns.

## BYE-LAWS

OF THE CORPORATION

OF THE

TOWN OF CROMWELL.

As adopted at a Special Meeting held on Monday, the 7th day of June, 1875.

### BYE-LAW NO. 1.

Bye-law of the Council of the Town of Cromwell, made under part 13 of the "Municipal Corporations Act 1867."

In pursuance of the powers and provisions contained in section 181, part 13, of the "Municipal Corporations Act 1867," the Council of the Town of Cromwell ordain, as follows, that is to say:—

1st. The whole of the subdivisions of the 1st, 2nd, 7th, and 8th parts, and subdivisions 1, 2, and 3 of the 9th part, 64, 65, 71, 72, 88, 89, and 90 of part 10, and the whole of the subdivisions of part 11 of the 13th schedule to the said Act, are hereby adopted in and for the said Town of Cromwell, and for and on behalf of the said Corporation.

2nd. All bye-laws heretofore in force, or

## Cromwell

presumed to be, are hereby expressly repealed.

### BYE-LAW NO. 2.

Bye-law of the Council of the Town of Cromwell, made under section 185 of the "Municipal Corporations Act 1867."

A Bye-law to provide for the better rule and government of the Town of Cromwell.

In pursuance of the powers and provisions contained in section 185, part 13, of the "Municipal Corporations Act 1867," the Council of the Town of Cromwell ordain as follows, that is to say:—

Any person guilty of any of the following offences, omissions, or neglects, within the Town of Cromwell, shall on being convicted of such offence, neglect, or omission, be liable to pay any penalty not exceeding (£5) Five Pounds:—

1st.—Throwing any glass, filth, dirt, rubbish, or any matter of a similar nature, upon any street, footway, court, alley, or a public place whatsoever.

2nd.—Riding, driving, or leading any horse, or wheeling any barrow, cart, dray, or carriage, upon any footpath without permission from the City Council so to do.

3rd.—Placing any timber, bricks, stones, or other building materials upon any footway, way, channel, surface drain, or carriage-road, without such permission as aforesaid.

4th.—Burning any shavings, straw, or other materials or matter upon any footway, carriage-road, or open or public place, without such permission as aforesaid.

5th.—Leaving any inflammable materials or matter in any public shed or place, or any open place near any building, without such permission as aforesaid.

6th.—Drawing or trailing any sledge, timber, or other material upon any footway or carriage road, to the injury of such footway or carriage road.

7th.—Emptying any privy or cesspool, or carting away any nightsoil, or other offensive matter, without having a license from the Town Council of Cromwell so to do.

8th.—Allowing any nightsoil or other offensive matter to be spilt or otherwise cast on to or upon any road, street, footway, public place, or thoroughfare.

9th.—Allowing the droppings from the eaves of any house to fall upon any footway.

10th.—Placing any placard or other document, writing, or painting on, or otherwise defacing, any house or building, or any wall, fence, lamp post, railway-post, or gate, without the consent of the occupier or owner thereof.

11th.—Opening any drain or sewer, or removing the surface of any footway or carriage road, without authority from the Town Council so to do.

12th.—Neglecting to clean any private yard, way, passage, or avenue, by which neglect a nuisance, by offensive smell or otherwise, is caused.

13th.—Rolling any cask, beating any carpet, breaking-in any horse, flying any kite, using any bows and arrows, or playing at any game, to the annoyance of any person, in any public place, or obstructing any footpath, or carriage-road, whether by allowing any cart or animal to remain across such footpath or carriage-road, or by placing goods thereon, or otherwise.

14th.—Throwing or discharging any stone, or other missile, to the damage or danger of any person or property.

15th.—Having any awning on or over any footway in any public street or thoroughfare, not being eight feet clear above the footway.

16th.—Blasting any rock, stone, or timber, in or near any public place, without permission of the Town Council.

17th.—Furiously or negligently riding or driving through any public place, street, or thoroughfare.

18th.—If any butcher or other person shall kill or slaughter any animal without having been duly licensed in that behalf by the Town Council.

19th.—Making any cellar-door or other opening from the footway of any street or public thoroughfare, without the consent or not in accordance with the directions of the Town Council.

20th.—Exposing for sale any article whatsoever on any footway, or outside of any shop-window or doorway abutting on any public thoroughfare or street.

21st.—Discharging any firearms, or letting off any fireworks, or carrying any firearms, sword, dirk, dagger, or other offensive weapon, within the town of Cromwell without permission of the Town Council. Provided that the provision last aforesaid shall not apply to any Justice of the Peace, or any person in her Majesty's military or naval service, or any member of the police, or other peace officer, or any member of a recognised Volunteer Corps, or any special constable, or any person actually in pursuit of any felon or offender.

22nd.—Any person laying out or opening any street or building therein, and omitting during the operations necessary for forming such street, or for building therein, to take all such precautions for guarding against injury to the passengers along such street as may be necessary, or as may be directed by the Town Council.

23rd.—Any person placing any obstruction upon any street-line, whereby life or limb is likely to be endangered.

24th.—Any person leaving any hole, excavation, or dangerous formation in or near any public place, street, or thoroughfare, without fencing or enclosing the same, or without keeping a light burning upon such formation from sunset to sunrise.

25th.—Any person neglecting or omitting to keep in good repair any rail, gate, fence, or cover over or about any area, or entrance

## Cromwell.

to any cellar or other place, or keeping open for more than a reasonable time for taking in or out any articles, any entrance to any area, cellar, or other place. (Such area or entrance opening into or upon or near any public street, road, or thoroughfare, or other public place.)

26th.—Any person throwing any offensive matter, or any animal with the intention of drowning it, into any river, watercourse, or other place from whence the supply of water for the use of the inhabitants of the said town is obtained.

27th.—Any carter riding on any cart, dray, or waggon, without having and holding proper and sufficient reins, and no competent persons having charge of the animal or animals drawing the same.

28th.—Any person driving any vehicle whatsoever, or riding any animal, and when meeting any other vehicle or animal not keeping the left or near side of the road or street, or when passing any other vehicle or animal going in the same direction, not going or passing or not allowing any person desirous so to do to pass, when practicable, on the right or off side of such other vehicle or animal.

29th.—The driver of any horse or vehicle injuring any person or property whatsoever, by negligence, or by driving on the wrong side of the road, or by being away from his horse or cattle, so as to be unable to have the full control over them.

30th.—Any person turning loose any horse or cattle upon any public street, or allowing any animal or animals to wander on any public street or thoroughfare within the town of Cromwell.

31st.—Any person leaving upon any public street or thoroughfare any plough, harrow, cart or other vehicle, without any horse or animal harnessed thereto, unless in consequence of some accident having occurred.

32nd.—Any person slaughtering or skinning any beast upon any public street or thoroughfare, or permitting any slaughtered beast or skin to remain there, or leaving any dead beast on such street or thoroughfare.

33rd.—Any person having any iron, timber, or boards laid across any vehicle going along any street or thoroughfare so that either end shall project more than two feet beyond the wheels or sides of such vehicle.

34th.—Any person destroying, damaging, polluting, or obstructing any aqueduct, dam, sluice-pipe, pump, watercourse, or fountain.

35th.—Any person suffering or allowing any waste or impure water, or other matter, to remain in any cellar or place within any building or premises in the town, or allowing any waste or impure water or other matter to run or overflow from such building or premises upon or over or on any carriage or footway or other place, whether public or private, within the said town, or allowing the contents of any water-closet, privy, or cesspool to overflow, or to soak therefrom, so as to be offensive.

36th.—Any person being the owner or tenant of any building abutting any street where the footpath has been formed, who by omitting or neglecting to secure and maintain the foundation of such building causes or allows the formed footpath to fall in or be otherwise damaged.

37th.—Keeping any house of ill-fame or repute, or having the control, conduct, or management of the same, or being a reputed occupier, or being an inmate of any such house.

38th.—Permitting fowls, ducks, geese, or turkeys to wander upon any thoroughfare.

39th.—Keeping swine within such limits as may be prescribed by the regulations of the Council from time to time.

40th.—Keeping cow-yards for milking purposes within such limits as may be prescribed by the regulations of the Council from time to time.

41st.—Drunkenness or disorderly conduct in any public street or place.

42nd.—Committing a breach of any clause in any Licensing Ordinance, being the holder of a license from the Corporation of Cromwell.

### DRAFT OF BYE-LAW NO. 3.

Bye-law of the Council of the Town of Cromwell, made under part 13 of the "Municipal Corporations Act 1867."

A Bye-law to suppress the use of ordinary privies, and to provide for the use of earth-closets within the Town of Cromwell.

In pursuance of the powers and provisions contained in section 185, part 13, of the "Municipal Corporations Act 1867," the Council of the Town of Cromwell ordain as follows, that is to say:—

Any person guilty of any of the following offences, omissions, or neglects within the Town of Cromwell shall, on being convicted of any such offence, omission, or neglect, be liable to pay any penalty not exceeding Five Pounds (£5),—that is to say:—

1st.—Having on any premises, or under the control of the owner of any premises, any excavation for the deposit of excrementitious matter.

2nd.—Having any kind of closet or privy other than those known as earth-closets.

3rd.—Having earth-closets unprovided with a box or other movable receptacle for excrementitious matter, or having the same below the surface or floor of such closet.

4th.—Neglecting to keep or use in any earth closet a supply of dry earth reasonably sufficient for disinfecting or deodorizing purposes.

5th.—Neglecting to clean out, or to provide for the cleaning out, of any earth-closet at least once within every fourteen days.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,

(l.s.)

Town Clerk.



Cromwell.

# Read This IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT!

TO THE

LADIES OF CROMWELL AND  
SURROUNDING DISTRICT,  
AND RESIDENTS GENERALLY.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.

Are now opening out and have

to arrive,

A LARGE AND VERY CHOICE ASSORT-

MENT OF

WINTER DRAPERY!

AND

MEN'S CLOTHING,

Comprising the Latest Fashions and Very  
Best Quality, expressly selected by our

Mr. ARNDT, from recent Melbourne and

Home consignments.

All the goods have been

BOUGHT FOR CASH

in favourable markets, and

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS

are therefore held out to purchasers.

We beg to draw particular attention to  
the following lines:—

FANCY COSTUMES—in Homespun,  
Melton, and other materials

JACKETS in Seal-skin, Beaver, Cloth,  
Velvet, and other materials

HATS—Trimmed and Untrimmed—in  
great variety

FURS—Muffs, Boas, and Collarettes, a  
Fine Display

FLANNELS—Welsh, Saxony, Anti-rheu-  
matic, and Sciatica—in all colours

BLANKETS—Splendid Quality, all colors,  
and really First-class Value.

REPPS,

POPLINS,

PLAIDS,

WINCEYS,

SERGES,

A Large and Well-selected Assortment.

The Ladies' Department of this  
Establishment is fully stocked with every  
requisite, and INSPECTION is respectfully  
INVITED.

THE MENS' DEPARTMENT

Is more than usually replete with the Best  
Make and Material of Colonial Manufac-  
ture—every article being carefully selected  
with a view to suit the requirements of  
this district. It is, therefore, scarcely  
necessary to particularise.

BOOT & SHOE DEPARTMENT.

This branch is complete with every  
variety of

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S, MENS',  
YOUTHS' AND BOYS' BOOTS, SHOES,

AND SLIPPERS,

WHICH WILL BE SOLD CHEAP.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.,

MELMOREST, CROMWELL.

Miscellaneous.

C. BEEBY,  
WATCHMAKER, IMPORTER,  
AND  
MANUFACTURING JEWELLER,  
REES-STREET . . . QUEENSTOWN.

Orders executed and repairs made in  
both branches of the business by ex-  
perienced workmen.

COACHING  
NOTICE.

THOMAS GILMOUR

Begs to announce to the public that after 1st  
January, 1875, he will run a coach as follows:—

Between Cromwell and CARDRONA, leaving  
Cromwell every THURSDAY morning and  
returning every FRIDAY afternoon.

Every exertion made to ensure punctuality.

Parcels carried at reasonable rates, and careful-  
ness in delivery, etc., to be depended upon.

CROMWELL PUBLIC LIBRARY.

The Library contains an extensive variety of  
Books in every department of literature; and  
about £40 worth of New Works is expected to  
arrive shortly from Great Britain.

All the Provincial Newspapers, and a number  
of English Papers and Periodicals, are regularly  
received for the use of Subscribers.

Annual subscription, £1 1s; Half-yearly, 12s  
6d; Quarterly, 7s 6d.

NORWICH UNION FIRE INSUR-

ANCE SOCIETY.

RISKS TAKEN ON THE MOST  
LIBERAL TERMS.

JAMES MARSHALL,  
Melmore-Street, Cromwell.

MEDICAL HALL, CLYDE.

LOUIS HOTOP,  
CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST,  
SUNDERLAND-ST., CLYDE.

Prescriptions carefully prepared.

BOOKSELLER, STATIONER, AND NEWS  
VENDER.

Importer of English, Foreign, and Colonial  
Newspapers and Magazines.

Libraries and Magazine Clubs supplied at a  
small advance upon English prices.

W. REID, NURSERY  
and SEEDSMAN,

PRINCES-STREET, DUNEDIN,

has on sale a very large stock of all kinds of

FRUIT TREES, from one to six years old; also,  
a large variety of Pines and other kinds of  
Forest Trees, Shrubs, Roses, and Flowers; Agri-  
cultural, Garden, and Flower Seeds.

All orders well packed, free of charge.

(Established 1850.)

GEORGE MATTHEWS,  
NURSERYMAN & SEEDSMAN,

DUNEDIN,

Has on Sale:—

Fruit Trees of all sorts  
Gooseberry and Currant Bushes  
Rhubarb Roots  
Scotch and Spruce Fir  
Laurels, Laurestinas  
Thorn Quicks for Hedges  
Ornamental Shrubs in great variety  
Grass Seeds of all kinds  
Clover Seeds of all kinds  
Vegetable Seeds  
Flower Seeds.

Orders left at the Argus Office, Cromwell, will  
receive attention.

VULCAN FOUNDRY,  
Great King-street, Dunedin.

KINCAID, M'QUEEN AND CO.,  
Boilermakers, Engineers, Millwrights, Foun-  
ders, Blacksmiths, &c.

All kinds of castings in Brass and Iron.  
Steam Engines and Boilers made and repaired.  
Overshot, Breast, and Turbine Waterwheels;  
Quartz-crushing Machinery, Pumping and Wind-  
ing Gear.

Cast-iron Sluice and Ripple Plates; Sheet-  
iron Hopper and Sluice Plates (punched to any  
size of holes), Gold-dredging Spoons, etc.  
Flour-mill Machinery.

All kinds of Reaping, Threshing, Horse-power  
Machines made and repaired.  
Improved Reaping Machines.

K. M'K. and Co.'s Improved Wrought-Iron  
Piping for Flaming and Hydraulic Mining is the  
best in use, and cheaper than canvas.

Miscellaneous.

BRITISH HOTEL,  
corner of  
GEORGE and HANOVER STREETS,  
DUNEDIN.

The Proprietor respectfully calls the attention  
of residents on the Gold-fields to the excellence  
of accommodation he is enabled to offer to Coun-  
try Visitors, Travellers, and Boarders.

The Hotel is commodious, well-furnished, and  
centrally situated.

ALEXANDER M'GREGOR,  
Proprietor.

AUSTRALASIAN HOTEL,  
MACLAGGAN-STREET, DUNEDIN.

JAMES PATTERSON, late of Clyde, begs to  
inform his numerous up-country friends that he  
has leased the above hotel, which he has put in a  
thorough state of repair. He has spared no ex-  
pense in making this large and well-known house  
a comfortable home for boarders; and visitors  
from up-country will have every attention paid  
to their welfare. This Hotel is conveniently  
situated, being within a very short distance of  
the Railway Station.

Wines and Spirits of the best qualities.

MILLS, DICK, AND CO.,  
PAPER BAG

MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS,  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS' STATIONERS,  
STAFFORD ST., DUNEDIN.

Lithographed Show Cards, Bottle Labels,  
etc., etc.

VICTORIA HOTEL,  
PEEL-STREET, LAWRENCE.

RICHARD WILLIAMS . . . Proprietor.

R. WILLIAMS, having been appointed Agent  
for Cobb and Co.'s Line of Coaches, would as-  
sure the travelling public that their comfort and  
convenience will be attended to with that strict  
attention which has already secured to the Vic-  
toria such a liberal patronage.

Families and Travellers visiting Lawrence will  
find every accommodation, and receive the best  
attention, at this old-established hotel.

A new building has recently been erected  
which considerably enlarges the accommodation,  
and enhances the comfort of visitors. The addi-  
tions comprise a suite of Private Apartments,  
commodious Bedrooms, a large Commercial  
Room and Sample Room, making the Victoria  
one of the largest and most comfortable hotels  
in the province.

There is also an extensive range of Stabling  
and Paddock accommodation attached.

Patent Medicine

"LOOK THEN INTO THY HEART  
AND WRITE."

THE above sentence read carefully will tell all  
that I could in a thousand lines, it adapts  
itself admirably to a large number of cases  
continually coming under my treatment.

Many who "Look into thy heart" at the  
reading of this advertisement, and who ponder  
over it, will say, I know I should write, for I  
have a great secret there in my heart, hidden  
deep down, and I fear every day something will  
shortly shew itself by some plain symptom and  
make that secret known to my fellow men, and  
cause me to be pointed at as an object of pity or  
scorn.

"Look into thy heart" and say is it not better  
for me to seek aid and get relief by writing to  
one man in whom I have confidence, with whom  
my secret is safe, and whose aid and counsel  
will cause my life hereafter to be happy, making  
me say with the proverb—"Rejoice, O, Young  
Man, in thy Youth."

"Look then into thy heart and write,"  
for hundreds have written to me when it  
has been too late, and who, in place of having  
"Children like olive-branches round about their  
table," have their homes desolate, and feel it a  
reproach upon their manhood to live.

"Look then into thy heart and write," and  
remember that "As thy days, so shall thy  
strength be," and that by writing down your  
case, no eyes but my own see it, that relief men-  
tally and physically can be given to you and  
that in place of sinking into a dishonored and  
premature death, you can feel that, in the words  
of Wordsworth—"An old age serene and bright,  
and lovely as a Lapland night, shall lead thee to  
thy grave."

LOUIS L. SMITH.

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&c.

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Holloway's renowned Pills. They quickly re-  
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with ease and regularity. These Pills, by their  
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There is no medicine equal to Holloway's Pills  
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They may be taken with safety for any irregu-  
larity of the system, as they remove all cause of  
maladies, and so restore, by their grand purify-  
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From various causes these organs are fre-  
quently getting out of order, and require some  
suitable medicine to regulate them. Holloway's  
Pills effect this object with wonderful celerity  
and certainty. They do not distress the system,  
or weaken the frame; they thoroughly invigo-  
rate the digestive organs. They gently excite  
the stomach and liver, stimulate the kidneys to  
perform their functions efficiently, and act upon  
the bowels without griping or any other annoy-  
ance. Again, taken an hour before dinner, they  
cannot be equalled as a "Dinner Pill," as they  
entirely prevent acidity, flatulency, nausea, and  
biliousness.

Influenza, Diphtheria, and Sore Throats.

How all important it is to check the first  
departure from health! all may do so by taking  
Holloway's Pills, without risk or restriction.  
In all diseases affecting the blood, nerves, and  
muscles, or in cases of fever, sore throat, colds,  
coughs, asthma, and shortness of breath, the  
earlier they are taken the better.

Children's Complaints.

Diseases incidental to children, such as fever-  
ish attacks, scarlet fever, measles, and all dis-  
eases of the skin, may be immediately checked,  
and soon cured, by these purifying Pills, which  
may be reduced to a powder, and given in doses  
of one, two, or three nightly, according to the  
age of the sufferer. Holloway's Ointment is  
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No organ in the human body is so liable to  
disorder as the liver, and none is more apt, when  
neglected, to become seriously diseased. When  
nausea, flatulency, or acidity on the stomach,  
warns us that digestion is not proceeding prop-  
erly, Holloway's Pills regulate every function,  
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all causes of indigestion, bile, and sick headaches,  
and effect a permanent cure.

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In these diseases, the blood is always in a  
highly inflammatory state; the stomach is also  
disordered, and the liver and kidneys unnatu-  
rally torpid. A few doses of these Pills, taken  
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Whoever is afflicted with these complaints  
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They act most energetically on the glandular  
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late the absorbents to remove the fluid already  
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Holloway's Pills are the best Remedy known  
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Bilious Complaints	Liver Complaints
Blotches on the Skin	Lumbago
Bowel Complaints	Piles
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Constipation of the	Retention of Urine
Bowels	Scrofula, or King's Evil
Consumption	Sore Throats
Debility	Stone and Gravel
Dropsy	Secondary Symptoms
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Fits	Worms of all kinds
Gout	Weakness, from what- ever cause
Headache	&c. &c. &c.
Indigestion	

There is a considerable saving by taking  
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